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The Pittsburgh Gazette

EDITORIAL GLEANINGS.

GEORGE KEROE, of West Philadelphia, left his home on election day for the polls, and from that time until Thursday last his family could not find any traces of him. At length they discovered that he had been taken up dead drunk to a certain station house in that city, where he had died of *measle potu* during the night. Nobody having recognized the body, it had been handed over to the University, and the widow discovered it on a dissecting table among a dozen others, all more or less mutilated. A sad encounter for the relict.

THERE is an enterprising New York evening paper, which succeeds in collecting more criminal reports and furnishing them with appalling names than any other paper we know. We will give the headings of a few of them from one page as a specimen: "Dog Fight in Jersey City," "Glove Fight in Williamsburg," "The Tombs," "Daring Highway Robbery at the Battery," "Assault on a Female," "Hanging up for Drinks," "Assault with a Gallon Measure," "Roasted to Death," "Slow Death from a Singular Wound." These are only a select few, and show what a little enterprise can do. Every evening a new list of horrors is dished up.

A SINGULAR OLD GENTLEMAN, perfectly inoffensive, but a little out of his mind, who had a mania for watches, left his home in Camden, N. J., on Friday, with five gold watches and a well filled pocket book, and was found by an old negress in her house at Kaign's Point, dead, and with nothing but a bunch of keys in his pocket. The old negress disappeared, and it is supposed that she murdered him.

SECRETARY SEWARD, during his retirement at Auburn, is said to have remarked that his conviction was that the Democrats would carry New York State this fall. This will probably make the Republicans feel pretty sure of victory. They might feel certain if he had specified the time to elapse before the election, say "sixty days."

POSTMASTER KELLY, of New York, is about to introduce a postman's uniform and secure mail wagons in that city. This is certainly a move in the right direction, and has been adopted by every European government solely on account of its merits. We sincerely hope that it will be generally introduced all over the country.

A BANK on Rhode Island avenue, Washington City, caved in on Friday, covering up three men who were engaged in excavating. One was killed instantly, one was seriously injured and had several bones broken, and one was scarcely bruised, although they were side by side at the time of the accident.

C. C. LIPPS, a German, late in the employ of Drexel & Co., Philadelphia, has gone off to parts unknown with some $30,000, raised in sums of two or three thousand dollars, procured from all who would lend, on Third street. He had calculated well, for no one person loses enough to make pursuit worth while.

MOST of our exchanges have been delighting our eyes with the information that Pittsburgh is about to buy all her bridges for a million and a half of dollars, and throw them open free to the people. We guess not. The defeat of consolidation killed that philanthropic project.

ANTHONY BUCKLEY, of New York, was in the act of being garroted on Saturday morning, when he was rescued by a policeman, who, with Mr. Buckley's assistance, arrested the perpetrators. Mr. Buckley only had ten dollars on his person, hardly sufficient to pay for the risk.

A BAND of Gypsies, twelve in number, is reported as carrying on an excellent business at Bladensburg. Their Queen it said to be a woman of remarkable personal beauty and attractions. She may have dreamt that she dwelt in marble halls once, but that time is past now.

ON Thursday last, two women were burned to death by the explosion of a can of benzine in Boston, and three men were fatally injured by an explosion of gunpowder in Burlington, Vt. Benzine can number almost as many recent victims as gunpowder.

LEUTZE, the New York artist, is following in the wake of Gustave Dore, and has begun illustrating Tennyson's Elaine. He has already completed two fine oil paintings, the subjects of which are taken from that idyl.

THE publishers of Dr. Holland's Katrine announce the 17th thousandth in press. What can they have done with all of the others? probably they are in press too.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Paper Money Restriction in Brazil—Success of the Allied Fleet.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro Sept. 25th, Bahia 30th, Pernambuco Oct. 2d, Para 8th and St. Thomas 15th, has arrived.

The Brazilian Parliament restricted the issue of paper money to fifty million reis.

The Chief of Police at Rio was enforcing the continental system of requiring keepers of hotels, &c., to furnish daily lists of guests, and denounce suspected persons.

It is confirmed that the allied fleet passed the batteries of Curupaity, and were within range of Humaita. The iron clads suffered to some extent, and had thirty-three killed and wounded. The Paraguayans were actively strengthening the inner lines of defense. The allies were well supplied and had fifteen days' provisions.

The river Amazon was formally opened September 7th, by a grand ceremonial at Para. No foreign men were present, though invited.

A diamond bed has been discovered near Urbeba.

Troops are still being sent to the river Platte.

A ministerial crisis occurred at Buenos Ayres, and a new ministry was formed. Much uneasiness was felt at Montevideo, from suspicion of the proposed attempt at revolution.

The Emperor of Brazil, in his speech closing Parliament, said the Government expect an early and honorable conclusion of the struggle with Paraguay, in which national pride is engaged.

NEW ORLEANS.

Result of the Louisiana Election—Convention called—Horsey Report—Emigrants Detained at Quarantine.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, October 21.—Special Order No. 166 declares that the total vote of the State of Louisiana, at the election on the question of a Convention, 40 be 79,174, of which 75,083 were for a Convention, 4,006 against, and 85 blank. A majority of the whole number registered having voted, and a majority of the votes cast being for a Convention, the delegates elected are notified to assemble in Convention at Mechanics Hall, New Orleans, November 23d. The order is signed by General Mower.

The mortality report gives the number of yellow fever interments for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday morning at thirty-five, and for the same time ending this morning thirty-one. The weather is again oppressively warm and the epidemic consequently is not decreasing.

A ship load of emigrants which arrived here from Europe, was not permitted to land, owing to the prevailing epidemic. The ship was ordered below the city until her passengers can be taken on board a steamer and conveyed north without landing here.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

SUICIDE OF THE CANTON MURDERER.

Funeral of his Victim.

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CANTON, O., Oct 21, 1867.

The man Hoffman, who murdered his divorced wife, Miss Yost, was this morning, at seven o'clock, found suspended by the neck, dead. The physicians who examined the body said that life had been extinct for some hours. Every precaution had been taken to prevent his committing suicide, but since learning of the death of Miss Yost he was determined to die at his own hands rather than survive his trial. There was a constant stream of people passing in and out the jail to-day to see the corpse of the murderer.

The funeral of his victim took place this afternoon. Over one thousand people attended.

THE NEXT PRESIDENCY.

Geo. H. Pendleton, of Ohio, Suggested as the Democratic Candidate.

AN UNTERRIFIED DECLAIM.

CINCINNATI, October 21.—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of to-morrow morning will present the name of George H. Pendleton as the choice of the Democracy of Ohio and the Northwest for the next President of the United States. The *Enquirer* enjoyed great celebrity as being the leading organ of Douglas in 1860.

The *Enquirer* says:

"In about six months the National Convention of the Democratic party will meet for the purpose of selecting their candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. In common with the Democracy of other States, our friends in Ohio have a preference, and that preference we propose to express. It is a preference that none who know the sentiment of our people, who have seen it manifested in many different ways, in the local press, in private letters, and in political conventions, will dispute. In the name of the victorious Democracy of Ohio, who but the other day sent greeting to the Democracy of the Union that Ohio was redeemed from the rule of fanaticism; that she had vindicated the Constitution, and arrested the bold career of the madmen who have been trampling upon the rights and liberties of the people; in their name we this day seize upon the honor of presenting the claims of Ohio's native son, Hon. George H. Pendleton, to the Democracy of the country, as Ohio's choice for the high office of President of the United States. He is not only Ohio's choice, but he is also the favorite of Kentucky, who will send a full delegation for him to the National Convention. Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Minnesota will not be behind Ohio and Kentucky, in their devotion to Ohio's noble and trusted statesman. He is by all odds this day the strongest candidate in the Northwest, and, we have reason to believe, in the United States. He possesses in a great degree the Democratic popular confidence, which was given to Stephen A. Douglass and upon him has fallen, in the Northwest, the mantle of that eminent man. A gentleman, a scholar and statesman, whose history and character are known to the country, and everywhere recognized and respected by all parties, in the very prime of life, with a mind inured to cultivation and study, with the habits of a profound thinker, the experience of a tried legislator, eminently sound in judgment, eloquent in the expression of his thoughts, candid in his political views, with an integrity that was never questioned, he is that model of a President which we had in the early days of the Republic. With him as our candidate, standing upon the platform of the Constitution, equal justice to all sections of our common country, with equality to all, special privileges to none, the same currency for the bondholders that the people are compelled to receive, the prompt payment of the public debt as it falls due in the legal tender of the nation, the immediate restoration of the Southern States to the Union with their full share of representation in both branches of the government as guaranteed by the Constitution, and universal amnesty for all political offenses. With such a platform, and George H. Pendleton as its exponent, we will sweep Ohio by fifty thousand majority, and also the country, as we did with Franklin Pierce in 1852, when the conqueror of Mexico, Gen. Scott, was the candidate of the opposition."

WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21, 1867.

LAND GRANT IN CALIFORNIA.

The Secretary of the Treasury has approved the decision of the Commissioner General of the Land Office in relation to a Mexican grant in California, called Sabrette De San Jacinto, confirmed to Guarta Del Rosario De Aguirre, wife of Jose Antonio Aguirre. The grant contains 48,847 acres, situated in San Bernardino county, about eighteen miles from San Antonio. The survey was resisted by adverse claimants, but being now sustained, the Sabrette claimants are applying for an early issue of the patent.

FENIAN MATTERS.

The Fenian General O'Neill has been engaged during the past week in perfecting the Fenian organization in this city. At a meeting here to-day he said he expected to recruit a regiment in the District of Columbia. The Fenian general organization has arms, uniforms, ammunition and all kinds of war material already on hand.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

The Treasury Department to-day received a letter from Brooklyn, containing a check on the Long Island Bank for seven hundred and seventy-seven dollars.

THE MARYLAND INVESTIGATION.

The Judiciary Committee is progressing slowly with the Maryland investigation, owing to the difficulty of obtaining witnesses.

ST. LOUIS REVENUE OFFICERS.

General Pile, member of Congress from the St. Louis district, is here looking after revenue matters in his district. There will be a change among the officers there very soon.

CHANGE OF METRE.

The Revenue Bureau will this week require all distilleries to annex the "Tice" metre.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Information from a Republican source in Virginia is to the effect that at the election to-morrow the party in favor of a convention will probably be defeated.

NORTH CARLINA ELECTION.

Advices from North Carolina say it seems probable the object for which the Convention met will be defeated by the contentions of the different factions. The mass of the people take very little interest in the existing strifes and are devoting themselves to the cultivation of the crops.

BALTIMORE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

The Presbyterian Synod (old school) at a meeting to-day, in Georgetown, passed a resolution directing the attention of the Union Committee to the Resolutions of various Presbyteries, in the hope that they may be so acted upon as to lead to a union of the Old and New Schools, not merely in form, but in feeling, and make the re-united Church indeed one body in doctrine, spirit, truth and love.

PATENTS ISSUED.

Two hundred and forty-one patents have been issued from the Patent Office for the week ending on the 19th.

ONLY RECRUITING.

General O'Neill and Colonel Welsh are not organizing a new branch of the Fenians here, but are simply recruiting for the Roberts wing. The former has been elected Head Centre for this district.

Extensive Robbery in St. Louis.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—One of the most extensive robberies ever committed here occurred last night. The wholesale jewelry store of Meier & Lopez, No. 14 North Main street, was entered, the safes opened and from $10,000 to $15,000 worth of jewelry, consisting of watches, both gold and silver, diamond rings, and a large lot of gold and silver chains, taken. No clue as to the robbers yet.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

—The election in Virginia takes place to-day.

—Maj. Gen Pleasanton has resigned and will retire from the army January 1st, 1868.

—Judge Redfield, of Vermont, the special agent of the Government in the Frazer Trenholm case, will sail for England on Wednesday, for the purpose of effecting a settlement of the affair.

—All of the authorities of the Treasury Department deny the truth of the report, which appeared a few days ago, that the Department had information showing the amount of counterfeit Government 7-30 bonds put in circulation to be one million of dollars.

—General Sheridan is expected in Washington in the first week of November, and unless the President changes his intention he will be ordered to take command of a new military department, which will embrace Maryland and the District of Columbia.

—The intimate friends of the President assert that he denies the correctness of the words, attributed to him by his Boston organ to wit: "That he would forcibly resist Congress in case the latter passed an act suspending him from office before trial."

—A Nashville special to the New York *Express* says the Tennessee Legislature will act favorably upon the recommendation of Governor Brownlow for the reimbursement of loyal citizens for losses sustained during the war.

—A terrific gale occurred on the Labrador Coast on the 9th instant, and so far as heard from some thirty vessels have been totally wrecked. Also, an immense amount of property and forty lives lost. Wharves, boats and fish oil on shore were washed away. Steamers are leaving St. Johns with relief for the sufferers, there being over one thousand people left destitute.

—Marshal Goodloe, of North Carolina, now in Washington, reports political affairs in that State as in a bad condition, and very much mixed up, there being strong enmity existing between the two wings of the Republican party—Radicals and Conservatives—and that the object for which the State Convention assembled will probably be defeated from this cause.

—In Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, Sunday, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher presented to the congregation an appeal to assist a Union lady in Charleston, South Carolina, who proposes to remove the three hundred and eleven dead Union soldiers now lying in the Potters Field there, to Magnolia Cemetery, and erect a monument over them. A collection of fifteen hundred dollars was made.

—The sub-Judiciary Committee in Maryland affairs are likely to have a busy time, as, contrary to expectation, it is probable that there will be considerable testimony taken in this case. The subject is of such wide scope, and is likewise of so novel a character, that it is difficult to fix any decided plan for the investigation, and it is, therefore, likely to include much that is irrelevant, or that bears upon side issues merely. About a dozen witnesses have thus far been summoned.

—Hon. James F. Wilson, of Iowa, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, in a letter, states that he expressed no opinion regarding the impeachment of the President outside of the committee room, and that he will vote either for or against reporting the articles of impeachment. This statement sets at rest the many unfounded rumors which have been published recently, to the effect that Mr. Wilson had announced a change of opinion on the subject. The same remarks apply to Judge Churchhill's position in this matter.

—The Government Commissioners yesterday accepted another section of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, extending to Hayes City, to which point passenger and freight trains are now running. The road is graded some forty miles beyond Fort Hayes and the iron is being rapidly laid.

—Archbishop Spaulding, who returned on Saturday from Europe, was welcomed on Sunday at Baltimore by an immense gathering of clergy and laity, and others, at the Cathedral, where he delivered a sermon on the late eighteenth centenary celebration at Rome.

—The schooner Winona, with fourteen hands, including the Captain, was lost October 12th off the Maine cost, having capsized in a squall.

—There were six yellow fever interments in Mobile during the past two days.

NEW YORK.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 21, 1867.

CUT HIS WIFE'S THROAT AND THEN HIS OWN.

Thomas Mulane, who was released from the Penitentiary last Saturday, where he had been incarcerated on a charge of an attempt to kill, this morning cut his wife's throat and then cut his own. Both bodies were taken to the station house in Williamsburg.

CORPORATION LAND SOLD.

Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of corporation land was sold by auction to-day, bringing good prices.

THE SUMNER SCANDAL.

A Boston correspondent of the *Express* states that owing to the intimacy of Baron Holstein, of the Prussian Legation, with the wife of Charles Sumner, the latter procured his withdrawal from Washington. The result of the affair being that Mrs. Sumner has gone to Europe, and the Sumner establishment at Washington is broken up. Nothing criminal is alleged.

THE WAR OFFICE.

A Washington special to the *Express* states that Mr. Ewing, of Ohio, a brother-in-law of Gen. Sherman, still has the best show for the War Department, and will probably receive the appointment, with Gen. Sherman as an adviser in the President's interests.

ADDRESS TO BISHOP POTTER.

The Episcopal clergy of this city presented Bishop Potter to-day, in Trinity Chapel, with an address, congratulating him on his safe return to this Diocese from the great English Council.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

Generals Sheridan and Clinton B. Fiske are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

An attempt to break jail at the tombs was discovered in season to prevent its being carried out.

Five hundred dollars of the riot fund has been paid to the widow of Officer McChesney, murdered on Saturday, and she will draw three hundred per annum from the police fund. The funeral takes place to-morrow, and will be attended by a large detachment of police.

ALLEGED FORGERS ARRESTED.

E. N. Hill *alias* Edward Williams, and an accomplice, have been arrested as the supposed authors of a number of successful forgeries, in the way of orders on mercantile houses, in this city.

PACIFIC COAST.

Departure and Arrival of Vessels—Indian Outrages in Idaho and Oregon—Miners' Strike in Idaho Ended—Desperate Affray Between Fenians—Seven Killed and Three Dangerously Wounded.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The steamship Golden City, for Panama, sailed to-day with $523,645 in treasure, $207,415 for New York. Senators Conness and Stewart, Representative elect Johnson, and Generals McCook and W. H. French are passengers.

The steamship Continental, from Marathon Oct. 10th, with $100,000 in treasure, has arrived. She left at Port Lopez the United States steamer Saranac.

The steamer Sierra Nevada, from Portland, with $102,000 in treasure, and advices from the North to October 15th, has arrived.

The Indians in Oregon and Idaho continue depredations. The murderers of the Ahern and Allen party have been captured and proved to be a band of Hootenaes. They were surrendered by the Chief. On the spot another was hung and the remainder placed under guard.

The strike in the Idaho mines has ended, and the companies had commenced work again, some paying the advance demanded.

A dispatch states that on the day of the election at Little Lake, Mendocino county, a shooting affray occurred between two families named Coates and Frost. Five of the Coates were killed and three dangerously wounded, and one Frost killed and another mortally wounded. An old feud had existed between the parties.

Suicide in Boston.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, October 21.—J. T. Stevens, formerly a merchant, and recently in the employ of the Congressional Committee, in session at this city, on the subject of the treatment of Union prisoners, committed suicide this morning by hanging.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

THE ITALIAN IRRUPTION.

The Situation Critical.

ALL ITALY GREATLY EXCITED.

A Great Battle Reported.

GARIBALDIAN FORCES DEFEATED.

Late Official Dispatches

ITALY PLEDGED TO ENFORCE THE SEPTEMBER TREATY.

French Intervention Unnecessary.

INSURGENTS EVACUATE PONTIFICAL TERRITORY

Flatly Contradictory Reports.

NO ANSWER TO NAPOLEON'S ULTIMATUM.

Menotti Garibaldi Reinforced and Advancing.

PERILOUS ADVENTURE OF THE FRENCH EMPRESS AND PRINCE IMPERIAL.

War Preparations in France, Prussia and Russia.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ITALY.

THE SITUATION CRITICAL—A FIERCE BATTLE REPORTED.

FLORENCE, Oct. 19, P. M.—The situation of Italy towards Rome is still embarrassing and critical. The Italian troops on duty on the frontier line have been reinforced, and the officers acting under the King are making increased efforts for the satisfactory discharge of their instructions. All Italy is excited in a remarkable manner at the threat of French intervention, as reported from Paris, and the actual war preparations which are being carried on at Toulon.

Reports have been received in this city from Rome, dated Friday evening, which state that a fierce battle took place between the revolutionary invaders and the Papal troops the previous afternoon, in which the soldiers of the Pope retook the town of Veroli, the Garibaldian force sustaining heavy loss.

ITALY PLEDGED TO MAINTAIN THE SEPTEMBER TREATY—FRENCH INTERVENTION UNNECESSARY.

LONDON, October 20.—Important official dispatches have just been received from Paris in relation to affairs in Italy. It is announced that Italy has positively pledged herself to enforce the provisions of the September treaty.

The Paris *Patrie* says the French troops were so posted that they could have been marched across the Alps at a moment's notice.

This decided step of the Italian Government is accepted at Paris as rendering French intervention unnecessary, and the French expedition has, therefore, been abandoned.

The insurgents, in consequence of this unlooked for attitude of King Victor Emanuel, have evacuated the Pontifical territory.

GARIBALDI DISAPPEARED FROM CAPRERA—RESTONATION OF RATAZZI.

FLORENCE, Oct. 21.—Reports that Garibaldi has disappeared from Caprera are reiterated, and seem to meet no contradiction.

Rattazzi has resigned as the head of the Cabinet. He will be succeeded by Gen. Menabrea.

Some of the bands of insurgents still remain in Papal territory, and the evacuation is not complete, as was previously reported.

CONFLICTING REPORTS.

LONDON, October 21.—*Evening.*—Accounts of affairs in the States of the Church are conflicting. Telegrams from Florence represent that Menotti Garibaldi not only maintains his position in the Roman territory, but his command has been reinforced and is hourly growing larger. On the other hand, dispatches, originating in Rome, flatly contradict these statements, and assert that Menotti, with all his followers, has fled from the Papal dominions and abandoned the attempt on Rome.

THE VERY LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

FLORENCE, Oct. 21.—*Night.*—The King has summoned Gen. Cardine to Florence and entrusted to him the formation of the Ministry. The people suspect that a new Cabinet is being formed in the interest of the French Emperor. Petitions are pouring in from all parts of Italy protesting against the desertion of the the national cause by the Government.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—*Night.*—Official assurance has been given that the government will not find it necessary to send the military expedition across the Alps, and that the force which had been massed for that purpose will be relieved.

Rentes buoyant.

PARIS, October 21.—*Midnight.*—A dispatch from Toulon states that orders had been received countermanding the sailing of the fleet for the relief of Rome, and that the troops were disembarking from the transports and returning to the barracks.

ADDRESS FROM RATAZZI.

FLORENCE, Oct. 21.—Ratazzi addressed a large crowd of people who were making demonstrations in favor of Garibaldi. He declared in the most emphatic manner that Victor Emanuel would maintain the honor of the nation in the crisis through which it was passing.

PROCLAMATION FROM GARIBALDI.

Garibaldi has issued a proclamation which adds to the prevailing excitement. He exhorts the people of Italy to persevere in their patriotic struggle, and bids them hope that the national honor may yet be redeemed.

The New York *Herald's* cable special says the French Minister assured the Pope of the aid of France; also, that the French fleet and troops left Toulon tonight for Rome; also, that it is rumored Garibaldi has escaped from Caprera and is in Italy.

RUSSIA.

TREATY WITH U. S. RATIFIED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 21.—The treaty with the United States for the sale of the Russian Possessions in North America has been ratified by the Russian Government.

FRANCE.

JOINT INTERVENTION IN THE ROMAN QUESTION.

PARIS, October 20—*Evening.*—It is rumored to-day that the leading European Powers will unite with France in joint intervention for the settlement of the Roman question, and the preservation of peace.

The French Cabinet has addressed a circular note to its representatives at foreign courts, solemnly pledging France to enforce the stipulations of the treaty of September.

The excitement and anxiety created by the rumors continually arising here are very great, and rentes are fluctuating.

THE PROJECTED CABLE FROM BREST.

PARIS, October 21.—The *Journal des Debats* denies that the French government has granted subvention in aid of the new Atlantic cable from Brest to the American coast.

NO ANSWER TO THE ULTIMATUM.

No answer has yet been returned by the King of Italy to the ultimatum of the Emperor Napoleon.

ENGLAND.

UNITED STATES SQUADRON.

LONDON, October 21.—The American squadron under Farragut to-day sailed from Portsmouth for Lisbon.

PRIZE FIGHT ABANDONED.

LONDON, October 21.—The prize fight between Mace and O'Baldwin has been given up.

THE NEWMARKET RACES.

NEWMARKET, October 21—*Evening.*—The third series of races at Newmarket commenced to-day. Rosicrucian was was the winner of the Criterion stakes Van Amburgh took the one hundred sovereigns plate.

ROYAL BANK OF LIVERPOOL SUSPENDED.

LIVERPOOL, October 21—*Evening.*—The Royal Bank of Liverpool has suspended payments and closed its doors. Its liabilities are estimated at £4,500,000. It is thought the bank will be able to resume business.

IRELAND

FENIAN INFORMER SHOT—POLICE FIRED UPON.

DUBLIN, Oct. 21.—The informer, Reilly, has been shot and badly wounded near this city. Several policemen, recently, had been fired upon in the night, but none hurt. The authorities are engaged in a vigorous search for the perpetrators of these outrages.

TRIAL OF NAGLE AND WARREN.

DUBLIN, October 21.—The trials of General Nagle, Colonel Warren and other prominent State prisoners, implicated in the Fenian conspiracy, will commence on the 25th of November before a special Commission. It is said the United States Government will provide for the defense of Nagle and Warren.

GERMANY.

MILITARY SERVICE BILL—THE POSTAL TREATY—DOMESTIC POSTAL LAW.

BERLIN, October 21.—The North German Parliament has passed the Federal Military Service Bill.

The new postal treaty between the North German Confederation and the United States was signed to-day.

The North German Parliament has adopted a domestic postal law, to operate every where within the borders of the Confederation. The bill contains a clause declaring private letters inviolable.

TURKEY.

THE CANDIA COMMISSION—UNION OF THE ISLAND WITH GREECE INSISTED UPON.

MARSEILLES, Oct. 20.—Accounts are received from the Island of Candia of the arrival of the Turkish Grand Vizier and other members of the Commission of Inquiry. The Grand Vizier had met a deputation of Cretan insurgents at Canea, in the presence of all the Consuls of the foreign powers. The members of the deputation insisted upon the union of the Island with Greece.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, October 21.—The steamship America, from New York, arrived this morning.

LONDONDERRY, October 21.—The steamship St. David, from Quebec, arrived at Moville this morning.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, October 21.—*Evening.*—Cotton firm; Middling Uplands, 8¾ Orleans, 8¾; sales of 15,000 bales. Breadstuffs have been very quiet during the day; prices have been gradually declining. Corn: new mixed western, 45s 3d. Wheat declined to 10s for California white, and to 14s 3d for red western. Oats, 5s 10d. Provisions steady. Beef 120s. Pork, 71s. Bacon, 45s 6d. Lard, 54s 6d. Cheese, 52s. Produce unchanged. Petroleum, 1s 2d for spirits; 1s 0½d for refined. Tallow, 45s 6d.

LONDON, October 21.—*Evening.*—Consols firmer at 93 7-8; Five-twenty bonds 69 1-16; Extra Coupon Illinois Central 78; Erie 45.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—*Evening.*—Sugar is quiet at 28s. Linseed cakes have advanced to £11 per ton. Sperm Oil £115.

ANTWERP, October 21.—Petroleum is flat at 52 francs.

FRANKFORT, October 21.—United States bonds have advanced and are buoyant.

PARIS, October 21.—Under favorable news, Rentes have an upward tendency and greater firmness on the Bourse.

FOREIGN NEWS PER STEAMER.

EMPRESS AND PRINCE IMPERIAL CRUISING ON THE COAST—NARROW ESCAPE—PILOT DROWNED.

FRANCE.—The Empress and Prince Imperial, accompanied by M. Lavellette, were cruising about the coast of Biarritz in a steam gun boat, and at nightfall got a ship's boat in order to land at St. Jean De Luz, but the pilot missed the entrance of the harbor and ran the boat ashore. The Empress, the Prince, and M. Lavellette were fortunately landed in safety, but the pilot was drowned.

The *Patrie* announces that the Empress of Austria will not accompany the Emperor to Paris. His Majesty is expected on the 26th at Mutzgic.

All the auxiliary arms establishment of Framant, France, the hands were working night and day. Seven hundred rifles a week were turned out, and fourteen hundred will soon be issued per week.

According to a Paris Journal Prince Napoleon urges the Emperor in the clearest and most positive manner to announce the pacific policy of France, by proclaiming the absolute principle of non-intervention.

WAR PREDICTIONS.

RUSSIA.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London *Times* writes that the Russians are reinforcing their troops in the southeastern provinces. This unmistakable move is accompanied by the Moscow *Gazette* varying its habitual vituperations of France by the occasional insertion of an article pointing out the advantages of a Russo-French alliance against Germany and the East. The *Golos* of St. Petersburg argues that Russia should stir up the bellicose ardor of France and Prussia, in order that we may derive from them similar benefits to those which they reaped at our expense during the Crimean campaign.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Attempted Murder—United States Court—District Attorneyship Vacancy—Penitentiary Warden Confesses Frauds of Charges Preferred.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, Oct. 21.—Yesterday, on Charlotte Turnpike, near town, E. F. Foster, son of the late Senator Foster, while riding home in his buggy, was shot by E. H. Douglass, son of Byrd Douglass, a merchant of this city. Douglass, who was accompanied by his brother, Hugh Foster, was wounded in the hand and breast, though not dangerously. The parties occupy high social positions, and the affair excites much discussion. Colonel Stone, Police Commissioner, to-day bound the Douglass over to the Criminal Court for trial, giving bond in $2,000.

The District Court of the United States, Judge Trigg, convened at the capitol. The business is likely to be retarded for want of a District Attorney, the office being vacant and the President unable to appoint under the tenure of office law. It is expected, however, that Justice Swayne will appoint a temporary Attorney.

The investigation of the charges against Col. Hull, warden of the Penitentiary, was brought to a close by his confession of the charges. He will be tried for embezzlement by the Criminal Court. Hon. Thomas S. McElwer has been elected warden in his place.

CINCINNATI.

Grand Billiard Tournament.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21.—The grand billiard tournament opened at Melodeon Hall to-night, and was attended by a large crowd. The first game was between Fred. Ackerman, of Cincinnati, and Vermenten, of Chicago. Ackerman won, making three hundred against Vermenten's one hundred and sixty-eight. Ackerman's average was sixteen and two-thirds, and his last run was ninety-eight. The second game was between Parker, of Cleveland, and Snyder, of Louisville, Parker winning.

CANADA.

Lieut. Gov. Appointments—American Invoice Discounts—September Bank Statements.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OTTOWA, Oct. 21.—The official *Gazette* contains the appointment of Col. Harding as Lieut. Gov. of New Brunswick, and Gen. Doyle as Lieut. Gov. of Nova Scotia.

The discount on American invoices for the week ending Saturday was 31 per cent.

The bank statement for September is published. Provisional notes in circulation, $3,389,663; debentures held by Receiver General, $7,000,000; specie in reserve, $781,333; bank notes in circulation, $9,134,920—this exclusive of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia returns.

RICHMOND, VA.

Riot[ist a Political Meeting—Excitement Concerning the Election.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, October 21.—This afternoon Mr. Hunnicutt, in a speech on Capitol Square, denounced the Northern men here, whereupon one of them said he was "a damned liar." At this the negroes attempted to mob the man, but instead caught a German and were about to kill him. The police succeeded in rescuing the man, but were followed to the station house by the negroes, who behaved in a very disorderly manner, throwing stones, &c. All is quiet now, but there is much excitement in regard to the election.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Fatal Accident.

There happened yesterday morning a few minutes past seven o'clock, at Walker's Mills, ten miles from the city, on the line of the Pan Handle railroad, an accident of a terrible character. The unfortunate victim, a man named John Lanahan, a resident of this city, had been sojourning in the neighborhood of the accident for several days past, and yesterday morning visited the station and procured a ticket for his passage to the city. As the train was approaching the station house, he endeavored to cross the track within a few feet of the locomotive, and was struck squarely by the cowcatcher and horribly mutilated. The entire flesh of the face was torn off, and the bones left almost completely bare. He died instantly. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Alexander Aiken, the well known undertaker, No. 100 Fourth street, visited the scene of the accident, and, after coffining the body, brought it to the residence of a brother of the deceased on Tunnel street. Coroner Clawson was notified, and will hold an inquest this morning. No blame can be attached to the conductor or other officials of the train by which the unfortunate man was killed, as his death was the result of his own carelessness.

Caught at Last.

Some weeks ago we recorded the arrest of Harry Bell, on the charge of having stolen the Sunday clothing of a number of the Monongahela House servants, who had sleeping quarters at the Merchants Hotel. At the time no evidence could be obtained to fasten the charge on the dusky prisoner, and he was promptly released. Mr. William Croop, one of the victimized colored servants, was not altogether satisfied with Bell's innocence, and took it in hand to work up the case, or in other words to play detective. He closely watched Bell's movements, and scanned the goods offered for sale at the pawnbrokers' offices and second-hand establishments of the city, in order to gain a clue to the missing wardrobes. His energy and patience was yesterday rewarded, for at a second-hand store he discovered his own long lost breeches offered for sale. He made inquiries, traced the unwhisperables to the innocent Harry, and informed officer McCready, of Lee Mayor's police force, of his discovery. An information was made before His Honor, and at his house in Roberts street, in the Seventh ward, the accused was arrested and committed to the lock-up, where he remains preparatory to being jailed or bailed to answer the charge of larceny at Court. Moral: Old clothes and murder will out.

Soiree Musicale.

Miss Caroline McCaffrey, the celebrated cantatrice, of Philadelphia, will give two grand concerts at the Academy of Music, in this city, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, October 30th and 31st. Miss McCaffrey will be assisted by the following distinguished talent: Madame Henrietta Behrens and Miss Helen McCaffrey, of Philadelphia; Mr. Theodore Habelmann, late of German Opera troupe; Mr. S. Behrens, late of the Strakosch Concert troupe, and Mr. J. Beniz, of Pittsburgh. Many of our readers are aware that it is quite a treat to hear the Misses McCaffrey sing. Madame Henrietta Behrens is a first class soprano, of rare culture. Mr. Theodore Habelmann is the celebrated tenor of the German Opera troupe. Mr. S. Behrens, who will occupy the responsible position of conductor and pianist, is master of his profession. As all engaged to take part in the concert are artists of the highest order, our citizens may anticipate a rare musical treat.

A Grave Digger Beaten.

John Jost is engaged in the task of disinterring the bodies consigned to rest in the now abandoned grave yard of the Seventh ward. His occupation is not calculated to inspire him with any particularly jovial feelings, and he cannot appreciate the practical jokes of the boys of the neighborhood. Yesterday, a lad named Hunter, annoyed him some way, when, losing all patience, he administered to him a pretty sound castigation. The father of the boy heard his complaint, and sought out Jost and repaid him by a sound body beating. The grave digger appeared before Alderman Albeitz, of the Fifth ward, and lodged an information against Mr. Hunter for assault and battery, whereon a warrant was issued.

Stole a Gun.

James Robinson was out hunting in Penn township on the 11th of last August. Game being scarce he concluded to catch a cold by reposing on the grass, and, stacking his shot gun near by, fell asleep. When he awoke he found that his gun was gone, some fellow hunter making it his game. Yesterday he found the missing weapon at a house in the Ninth ward, and identified it by particulars accounting for its absence, he preferred a charge of larce

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1867.

THE REACTION.

Should any one doubt the existence or overwhelming nature of the reaction in favor of democracy, in Pennsylvania, if any one questions the fact of the redemption of the Old Keystone, and its thorough conversion to Johnsonism and Jeff. Davisism, to Vallandighamism and all other Democrat isms, which are summed up in keep-down-the-niggerism, let such doubter reflect on the official election reports, which appeared in our issue of Saturday. The democratic vote, in the redeemed, regenerated, rescued and ten thousand times glorified old democratic State, is only 22,350 less than it was last year. Who can doubt, after seeing the result, and knowing that every effort and trick known to democracy, and the influence of the general government, were brought to bear on this election, that our good old State is democratic beyond a peradventure?

Do not the figures show that there is no change in the minds of the great loyal masses, who drove their leaders to victory, through a four years' war? From the first, those leaders have halted and feared and faltered, and sometimes the people have grown weary of driving them and have halted by the way; but they soon came up again, and the rear ranks have forced the van onward. They have presented their lives and fortunes and sacred honor, as a rampart against rebellion, and will not, now, step aside and see it triumph. The men who brought mourning into almost every household, shall not again step into places which they have heretofore used for the destruction of their government, while those who saved it, from their machinations and their assaults, have the power to exclude them from like opportunities. The men who saved the government will not, now, deliver it, bound, into the custody of its enemies. They will not permit those who have heaped up perjury upon perjury, in oaths to defend the Constitution, while busily engaged in plots for its overthrow, to turn and usurp the place of its saviour as its exponents and defenders. For a Southern rebel, or his Northern sympathizer, to assume the part of champion to the Constitution, which lives in defiance of his efforts to destroy it, is an acme of bravado which could not have been attained in any other school than that of American Democracy.

That school which taught its disciples to cringe to workingmen in one locality, and stigmatize them as "mudsills, greasy mechanics and small-fisted farmers," in another—that school which taught men to claim the title of special guardians of the rights of labor, and made all rights subservient to the claim of capitalists to sell laborers—that school which taught men to claim the championship of the rights of conscience, while denying their own adult children the right of audible prayer, is the only school which could have imparted the sublime impertinence of demanding authority in the Government which has just triumphantly defeated their treason against its authority. The Republican party has made many mistakes, and has much to answer for; but it stood by the Government and saved it from its mortal foes, through a period of trial such as few governments have passed, and for the people to take that rescued government out of its hands, and consign it to the care of its conquered enemies, could and would be nothing less than the insanity of suicide. Let the wolf take care of the lamb, give your infant in charge to the hyena, when you commit your government to the men, and their abettors, who spent thirty years in plotting, and four in fighting, to accomplish its overthrow.

That the people have not voted thus to commit it, is evident, now that the official returns are before us. We read them, thank God, and take courage. The people have good reason to be displeased with, and to reprove the majority in Congress. That they have shown their displeasure is well, and woe to the men who wrongly read the lesson. It was not too much, but too little rigor to rebellion which has called for the silent reproof given in the last election. Negro suffrage in Ohio was less defeated on its merits than by the arguments of its friends to show that we could not enfranchise Southern negroes without doing as much for those of the loyal States. This was a departure from the well-considered and oft-repeated doctrine of the Republican party, that treason should be made odious and traitors punished. Negro suffrage in the loyal States is a question to be settled by those States at their leisure; and cannot, and must not be made a national party issue. We must reconstruct and re-admit the revolted States on a basis of their loyal inhabitants. On this ground the party is agreed, and it gives work enough for the present. The great re-action shows no change in the minds of the people on the questions they tried to decide at the ballot box in '66. Congress must stand its ground and manfully finish the work it has so well begun; make traitors take back seats in the work of reconstruction, enforce freedom of speech, and the press, for Southern Unionists; protect them from the violence and vengeance of their, and our, old rebel foes; and the next election will show such a re-action as did '63 after the Democratic victories of '62.

POLITICAL.

The Memphis *Post* calls upon the loyal Governor and Legislature of Tennessee to protect the loyal men of such counties and municipalities as Obion, Tipton, or Lagrange and Somerville, Humboldt and Jackson from the disloyal officers who are there clothed with a little brief authority. The law is inoperative and void through perjury; and the *Post* says:

"The silent lips of loyal men who dare not speak demand it of them. Men just escaped from slavery, now about to close their year's labor, cry to the loyal State authorities because of their wages kept back by fraud. The sleeping dust of loyal men murdered by rebels, and their widows and orphans, speak in no uncertain tones to this Legislature and demand the enforcement of the law."

The Hon. A. G. Thurman, in his Pittsburgh speech, said:

"The white people are not willing to surrender their liberties and their manhood, and to become the serfs of the black race. The people of this country are not willing to see the South a Poland, governed by military despotism."

Does he wish any one to believe that the 470,722 white voters of Ohio were afraid the 5,000 black men of that State would reduce them to serfdom, if they were permitted to vote? Are black men so much wiser and stronger than whites, that the small minority of them in this country could reduce the whites to a state of vassalage, if they are permitted to have an equal chance in the race of life? The Democratic doctrine on that point is an insult to the Anglo Saxon. As for the South, the Democracy were bitterly opposed to conquering her, and of course they will be opposed to governing her, now that she is conquered.

The La Crosse *Democrat* is the most popular, widely circulated, of all our democratic papers, and in rejoicing over the result in Pennsylvania and Ohio, says, respecting Abraham Lincoln and Booth:

"The gaunt and boorish rail splitting specimen of vulgarity and obscenity, who, thanks to the American Brutus, J. Wilkes Booth, has gone to his own place!"

The Scranton *Republican* claims that there were more fraudulent democratic votes cast in Luzerne District than the majority for Judge Woodward.

The New York City Democrats have two tickets—a Tammany Hall and Democratic Union.

Mr. Johnson attributes the result of the late elections to the Philadelphia Convention.

Railroad Connection with the Pacific.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

Gentlemen: For more than thirty years I have felt a deep and abiding interest in the subject of a connection by railroad with the Pacific coast. I have thought much and have often written upon the subject. Until recently I hardly ventured to hope that I should live to see the great enterprise consummated; yet I felt bound to do what I could to call the attention of the country to the political, commercial and moral benefits which would flow from such a direct connection with that greatest of oceans, and with the vast populations that inhabit its shores and islands, and also from such a bond between our own Atlantic and Pacific territories.

As your correspondent in the late excursion over the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, I had much to say of "Kansas and the country beyond;" and those letters, revised and amplified, will soon be published in a more permanent form. I now beg leave to offer some general remarks upon all three of the great railroad enterprises now in progress between the Missouri river and California; and for what I may say I alone am responsible. I state facts because I know them to be true, and I utter opinions because I believe them to be correct. They are the result solely of my own reflections. Pardon this much egotism.

The time is rapidly approaching when Congress will be called upon to act upon this great question—to review it in all its bearings, and make such provision for its further prosecution, and take such action upon it in regard to routes as later and fuller revelations of topographical and other facts may render necessary and expedient.

The Union Pacific Railroad of the Platte, which commences at Omaha, is now graded to Cheyenne City, on or near Ridge Pole Creek, one of the upper tributaries of the Platte, at the base of the Black Hills, and but a few miles east of the main range of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the road will be completed to that point by the first of November.

The Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, which commences at Kansas City, at the mouth of the Kansas river, is now completed about 275 miles west of that point, and is progressing up the valley of the Smoky Hill at a rapid rate, and may reach Pond Creek, 200 miles beyond Fort Harker, and about 420 miles west of Kansas City, by the first of January.

The Central Pacific Railroad, which begins at Sacramento (Cal.) and runs in a northeast direction, is now completed to the east side of the Sierra Nevada Mountain, and has entered the State of Nevada.

These are the three great roads now in progress. The Platte road and the Central are designed to form one great line to the Pacific—meeting each other some place in the vicinity of Salt Lake. The Kansas road is designed to form an independent line to the Pacific, by a more southern route, through southeastern Colorada, and through the centres of New Mexico and Arizona, and thence, up the great valley of Southern California, to San Francisco.

The Central Pacific road from Sacramento to the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada is the most stupendous completed railroad enterprise in the world, and, so far as revenue is concerned, is quite successful. In the first 31 miles it attains an altitude of 930 feet above tide; at the end of the next 11 miles its altitude is 1,900 feet; 14 miles further it is 2,443 feet; 10 miles further it is 3,415 feet; 7 miles further it is 3,625 feet; 21 miles further it is 5,911 feet; and 11 miles further, at the great summit tunnel, (1,658 feet long,) it is 7,042 feet. Nearly the whole distance up the mountain slope is a series of crags, precipices and frightful ravines, over which none but American engineers would have thought of carrying a railroad. The summit is more than twice the elevation of any other railroad on this continent, and more than one thousand feet higher than the famous Mount Cenis tunnel through the Alps, between France and Italy, now in progress.

In 1866 (75 miles being in operation) the gross earnings of this road were $865,016; the operating expenses were $209,133, which indicates a high tariff of rates—too high, *ore rata*, were the road extended to the Missouri. The net earnings of 1867, on 105 miles of road, are estimated by the superintendent at $1,000,000.* Still this is not proportionately equal to the gross revenue of the Union Pacific of the Kansas, which, for the month of August last, on less than 200 miles of road, aggregated 236,000, or at the rate of $2,887,000 a year; but the operating expenses, although the road is nearly level, were considerably larger in proportion than those of the Central, which indicates that the tariff of rates is much lower. Still a large net revenue was left.

The route of the Union Pacific road of the Platte, as far as it has been made, is as remarkable for its smoothness and levelness as the Central is for its ruggedness and acclivity. But little work was needed other than to dig ditches and lay down the ties and rails. Hence the work progressed up the long valley of the Platte with a rapidity altogether unexampled. Sometimes three miles of road were laid in a single day. It, too, has proved to be a financial success, for there is a large trade and much travel between the Missouri and that portion of the great interior mountain region to which it reaches; and were it never to be carried another mile beyond Cheyenne City, it would be for all time a very useful and profitable road. It has not cost much, and could easily be made to pay the interest upon all its bonds, and leave a handsome dividend to the stockholders. If it does not do that much it will be because it is not properly managed.

But a greater topographical contrast than that between the regions which lie behind and before the tracklayers on this road, where they now are, is not to be found on the surface of this planet. The plain over which they have just passed is one of the smoothest and most extensive in the world; while the mountains just before them are lofty, precipitous and rugged to the last degree. But as our bold California friends have actually surmounted the Sierra Nevada range, it would not be safe to say that our friends of the Platte road cannot surmount the triple range at the base of which they have arrived. I shall take it for granted that it can be done. But there is one thing that they cannot do: they cannot prevent the overwhelming snows of that Alpine region from filling up the gorges they must pass through and the artificial cuts which they must make, thus obstructing their road for several months in every year. Were there no alternative—did that mountain barrier stretch from north to south across our entire national territory—then, rather than have no avenue of communication at all between the Central Valley and the Pacific Slope, the country would say, let it be made, even though it should be unavailable for half the year, as it is very possible that it would be. But there is an alternative and a very good one. That mountain barrier does not extend entirely across our territory. We have a route from the Missouri to the Pacific, not much, if any, longer than the other, across which no snow-clad mountains rear their huge obstructing masses, on which there are no snow drifts, and over which cars may run 365 days in the year. We allude to the route now being explored and surveyed by the Union Pacific Railway Company of the Kansas, legally known as the Eastern Division, through New Mexico, Arizona and Southern California.

This last mentioned route runs all the way from the Missouri to the Pacific through rich agricultural, pastoral and mineral lands. Diversified as the regions are which it traverses, through Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and California, they are all rich and productive, and every section will pour the quota of its peculiar products upon this great thoroughfare to swell the grand aggregate of its trade. In Colorado and New Mexico it will pass over coal fields, both bituminous and anthracite, probably not second to those of Pennsylvania. The numerous and rich mines of gold, silver and copper, especially copper, among which it runs for hundreds of miles in New Mexico and Arizona, will draw to those now secluded territories a large population. Southern California teems with rich and various resources both of soil and mines, probably beyond any other section of our country. Every part of the line, therefore, from Kansas City to San Francisco is good for something, and much of it surpassingly productive.

A road through such a region would be self-sustaining at once, as the portion completed in Kansas already is. By this I mean that it would pay all expenses—the interest on the cost of its construction, including the Government bonds, and, moreover, by its developing power it would rapidly augment the national wealth and the volume of the precious metals.

On the contrary, the Union Pacific Railroad of the Platte can have comparatively little developing power along its line, for the simple reason that there is little to be developed. The vast plain through which the Platte flows, from the mountains to the Missouri, is for the most part arid, unproductive and uninviting; and beyond the heads of the Platte, entirely across the lofty Central Plateau, to the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada, a distance of more than twelve hundred miles, we know of no mines; and, with the exception of the basin of the Salt Lake, we know of no territory fit for cultivation and settlement. The whole region is lofty, rough, broken, mountainous and cold. In the valley of the Humboldt water freezes in August, and on Bear river the climate is still more inclement. The coldness of the climate on this Central Plateau of the continent is more attributable to its great altitude than to its high latitude. The following statement of the altitude of a few points will account for the fact that that region is too cold for settlement, even were it sufficiently fertile:

	Feet above tide
Summit of the Sierra Nevada	7,042
Virginia Station, in Nevada	5,800
Humboldt, where the Humboldt river ends in a small lake—its water being partly evaporated and partly absorb in the sand	4,500
Humboldt Wells, towards the head of the valley, where ice is formed in August	5,615
Salt Lake	4,338
Passes of Rocky Mountains	7,000 to 8,000

Any good map will show that water flows from this lofty region over which it is proposed to carry this great continental thoroughfare to every point of the compass. The Colorado, the Yellow Stone, the Platte, and the principal tributary of the Columbia, all have their sources here, which fact proves that it is the highest region on the continent.

In view of all these facts, I submit to the gentlemen engaged in that enterprise, and to the country, whether it is wise to attempt to build a railroad through such a region? Is it possible that it can be a financial success when it must rely almost solely upon its *through* business for its revenue, besides being blockaded by snow at least five months in the year? Would it not be a much safer and therefore a wiser policy to terminate the Platte line at the base of the mountains—at Cheyenne city, which would soon become an important place, far surpassing Denver—and push forward the other line on which no difficulties are found, either topographical or climatic, and which is sure to have a way business sufficient alone to make it pay, leaving the revenue accruing from the through business clear gain?

But what is to be done for the rich mining State of Nevada? it may be asked. To this it may be answered: *Nevada is already provided for by the Central road of California, already spoken of.* San Francisco is its natural commercial metropolis. All that is of much value or importance in that State lies within two hundred miles of that city; and through that city—far better than through the valleys of the Humboldt and Salt Lake, the rough plateau of Northern Utah, and across the towering heights of the Rocky Mountains—the people of Nevada can reach the eastern States of the Union. This is the better policy for both Nevada and California; and it for them, certainly for the people on this side, whose only desire in reference to this matter is to secure the safest, the best, the most reliable, and the least expensive railroad communication with the States and ports of the Pacific, and one that will develope most largely the mineral treasures of the intermediate region—one that will add greatly to the strength and nothing to the burdens of the nation.

JOSIAH COPLEY.

Allegheny City, Oct. 19, 1867.

*The managers, in a later statement, say: The local business on the completed portion surpasses all previous estimate. The figures for the quarter ending August 31st, are as follows, in gold: Gross earnings, $467,579.64; operating expenses, $88,648.47; net earnings, $401,031.17.

Mr. Bonner thus replies to the challenge from Vanderbilt to run "Mountain Boy" against "Dexter":

My Dear Commodore: The good-natured contest between you and myself for the ownership of the fastest trotting horse in the world, is attracting increased attention on account of the recent performances of Mountain Boy, and your published letters concerning him. I have observed the challenge by your trainer, which I rather expected to see you disavow, as you know I never enter any of my horses in a public race. That certainly is not necessary to test the relative speed of horses. No one can concede more cheerfully than I do the merits of your admirable horse. His best performance—reckoning as his the 2:24 in which he was beaten by both Thorn and Lucy—was only six and three-fourth seconds—or at Dexter's rate of going, between sixty and seventy yards—behind Dexter. Whenever your horse shall have closed up this gap, and have equalled Dexter's time—2:17½—and he needs nothing but increased speed and bottom to do this—it will be soon enough for me to further respond to your publications. Until then, my dear Commodore, I shall remain—and I think the happy relation promises to continue a good while—as ever,

Sincerely yours, Robert Bonner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
☞LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

ESTATE OF MALCOLM LEECH, DEC'D.
ROBERT BELL, Administrator
and Trustee of said Estate, will be discharged from his said office and trust, by the Orphan's Court of Allegheny County, on SATURDAY, Nov. 2, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.
A. M. BROWN,
oc22:2d5 Attorney for Petitioner.

SUPERIOR COAL.
C. CHERRY & CO.,
Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH, GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL. NUT COAL and SLACK. Coal delivered promptly to any part of the cities, at the lowest market rates.
Office and Yard, corner FIFTH and WATSON (formerly Canal,) STREETS, Pittsburgh.
P. O. BOX. 1292. oc22:

NEW STYLES
BISMARK AND GRECIAN
SUITS,
The newest styles for the fall season, of BOYS' SUITS.
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 47 St. Clair Street.

THE MAGNOLIA FARM,
150 ACRES.
Located near McKeesport, not far from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad. New house, is excellent condition; barn excelled by few in the county. All improvements on the place are modern and of the best kind. Soil unsurpassed by any in the country for farming. Fruit, grapes, &c., in abundance. Never-failing springs abound. Coal bank open. Fences perfect. Will be sold cheap. Apply to
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
No. 66 Smithfield street.
oc22:el

LADIES' FURS,
MISSES' FURS,
GENT'S FURS.
An endless variety of super or quality, selling at the lowest prices. Also, all the new styles
HATS and CAPS,
AT
McCORD & CO.'S,
No. 131 WOOD STREET.

TRY IT! TRY IT!!
THE MASSALOT HAIR RESTORER
AND
HAIR DRESSING COMBINED.
Restores gray hairs to their original color. Aids the growth when the hair is thin and weakly.
Is a beautiful dressing.
PRICE 65 CENTS.
Sole Agent for Pittsburgh:
JAMES R. CLARK,
Druggist,
oc19:T,TH,S. 169 Fifth street.

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, October 18th, 1867.
NOTICE.—In the Court of Quarter Sessions, No. 15, September T. 1868.
WIDENING OF WEBSTER STREET.
All persons interested will take notice that the assessment of damages and benefits as modified by the Court, has been filed in my office, and no of the assessments shall be paid within thirty days from this date, it will be my duty to collect the same according to law.
All property between Grant and Chatham streets has been assessed for payment of damages.
J. F. SLAGLE,
City Solicitor.
oc18:d30

MUSLINS,
CALICOES, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, QUILTS,
For sale at lowest market prices, by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
19 FIFTH STREET.
oc21

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED
TRUNK HOUSE IN THE CITY.
W. J. GILMORE,
(Successor to GILMORE & LESSLIE,)
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
☞A large assortment of LADIES' SATCHELS always on hand.
No. 105 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.
oc18:g26

STEUBENVILLE
FEMALE SEMINARY.
THE WINTER SESSION WILL OPEN NOVEMBER 4th.
REDUCTION OF TERMS.
Boarding, Furnished Room and Light, per session of five months.....$60.00
Tuition, according to Class $10.00 to $18.00.
Washing, per dozen.....50c.
From these terms a deduction of 10 per cent. is made for the daughters of clergymen and soldiers.
Rev. C. C. BEATTY, D. D., LL.D.
Rev. A. M. REED, A.M., Principal.
Prof. L. E. WYCKOFF, A.M.
oc18:g26

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.
J. T. WRAY & BROS.,
SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY.
STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,
29 and 31 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
oc20:d30

W. S. JACKSON.....ALEXANDER FREW.
JACKSON & FREW,
(Successors to LOUGHREY & FREW,)
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Harness, Saddlery, Trunks, &c.,
And will also keep on hand and import from Eastern markets all the late patterns, styles and improvements in
Blankets, Robes, Rugs and Horse Equipage,
At their new Wareroom,
No. 102 Wood Street.
oc18:

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
In the matter of ROBERT WHITE and JAMES DONNELLY, partners as WHITE & DONNELLY, Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.
To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of ROBERT WHITE and JAMES DONNELLY, partners as WHITE & DONNELLY, of the City of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated Allegheny City, the 18th day of October, A. D. 1867.
JOHN B. INGHAM,
Assignee, &c.
oc18:g27
LEWIS KIM.....NICHOLAS SCHWARTZ.
KIM & SCHWARTZ,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,
And Dealers in COOKING STOVES AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
TIN ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.
No. 118 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite the Post Office, and No. 44 WYLIE STREET, near the Tunnel.
oc21:g21 PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE OF THE
MR. CHANTS UNION EXPRESS CO.,
No. 16 Wood street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., October 21, 1867.
THIS COMPANY is now prepared to carry Money, Freight and Parcels to more than 3,000 Cities, Towns and Villages, East and West, through the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad and all its branches, and the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, with promptness and despatch.
Trains leave for Erie at 8 a. m.
" " Cleveland at 6:15 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
" " Wheeling and Belle Air at 6:15 a. m.
This Company is constantly extending its lines and expects soon to be able to reach every important place in the Union.
oc21:g21 W. W. LITTLE, Agent.

FOR SALE.
320 ACRES
Good Farming Land in Iowa.
Terms easy. Good title. Taxes all paid. Will trade for city property.
For particulars inquire of
D. W. SOUTH,
oc18:f54 33 MARKET STREET.

RARE CHANCE.
BAKERY FOR SALE.
A good Bakery, doing a business of from 35 to 40 barrels of flour a week, and situated at
No. 40 Palo Alto St., Allegheny City,
Will be sold on reasonable terms. The above bakery is doing a good business, and has the facilities of doing a much larger one than is now running.
Any person wishing to engage in the business will find this a rare opportunity.
For particulars enquire at the BAKERY.
oc18:g29

JAMES CAVANAGH.....E. B. EWENS, JR.
CAVANAGH & CO.,
No. 114 LIBERTY STREET,
(Opposite Hare's Hotel.)
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Ale and Beer Pumps, Hydrants, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Sinks, Wash stands, Gum Hose, &c. Prompt and particular attention given to repairing in city and country.

REMOVAL.
GREAT SALE AT COST!
My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 136 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.
JOHN H. ZWEIFLER.
oc18:g28 No. 102 Smithfield street.

PEA-NUTS, DRY APPLES and FEATHERS.
5 bags new Tennessee Pea-Nuts;
11 " Dry Apples;
2 " Feathers;
To arrive by rail, for sale by
oc22 DARE DICKEY & CO.

NEW CHEAP GOODS,
CHOICE STYLES.
NEW DRESS GOODS;
LYONS VELVETS;
SUPERIOR BLACK SILKS;
FRENCH MERINOS,
LINEN GOODS;
DOMESTICS, &c.
JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.
oc22:tf78

MAXFIELD & CO.'S
PRAIRIE FLOWER
FINE-CUT TOBACCO,
IN BULK.
This celebrated Fine-Cut Chewing Tobacco is perfectly pure, without any admixture of those substances with which the ordinary Chewing Tobacco is contaminated.
For sale Wholesale and Retail, at
CHAS. C. BAER'S,
Dealer in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco,
108 WOOD STREET.
oc21:g26

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 2d, 1867.
WE HAVE THIS DAY admitted
MR. ROBERT LIDDELL
as a partner, and will continue the Brewing and Malting business under the same style of SPENCER, M'KAY & CO. The business of the firm of SPENCER & M'KAY will be settled at the office of SPENCER, M'KAY & CO., and we would respectfully call the attention of the friends and customers of the late firm to the importance of having all the outstanding accounts promptly settled, and also the necessity of having all the empty casks of S. & M'K.'s brand promptly returned, to enable us to close up all old account books.
JOS. SPENCER,
JAS. M'KAY.
Calling attention to the above, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the firm of SPENCER & M'KAY, feeling assured that, by strict attention to business, and by using the best quality of Malt and Hops in the brewing of our Ales and Porters, we shall merit the liberal patronage and maintain the high standard of excellence enjoyed by the late firm.
SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.
JOS. SPENCER,
JAS. M'KAY,
ROBT. LIDDELL.
oc22:g40

AMERICAN TEA COMPANY.
No. 2 St. Clair Stre
NEW CROP FINE TEAS,
NEW CARGO FINE TEAS,
SELLING AT NEW YORK PRICES!
Special inducements offered to large consumers.
AMERICAN TEA CO.,
No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.
oc18:d30

ESTABLISHED 1833.
HOUSES FITTED UP WITH
GAS,
Hot and Cold Water, &c.,
By experienced and practical workmen.
JOHN M. TATE,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

SIEBERT'S
NEW SHOE HOUSE,
SIGN OF BIG BOOT.
A large and well assorted stock of LADIES', GENTS and YOUTH'S
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
Of our own make, just opened at
253 LIBERTY STREET,
Under Academy of Music.

SCHOOL BOOKS
AT WHOLESALE.
Country Dealers are invited to call and examine our extensive stock of
SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST.
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
93 WOOD STREET, cor. Diamond alley.
oc18:g23

STAIR RODS,
In Bronze, Fire Gilt and Silver,
With Patent Fastenings, which prevents the rod slipping from its place, without the use of springs, and can be adjusted in an instant.
Manufactured only by
W. T. & J. MESSEREAU,
62 DUANE STREET, New York.
☞Ask for MESSEREAU'S Patent. Sold by all City Dealers.
oc18:g41

OPENED THIS DAY.
MEAL POINT LACES,
BARBES, COLLARS AND
HANDKERCHIEFS.
VALENCIA LACE HDKF'S,
New style FANCY CASHMERE HOSE,
AT
F. H. EATON'S,
16 FIFTH STREET.
oct8

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.
SEATON & CO.,
Local Collecting Agents.
No. 124 Fourth St.,
P. O. BOX, 841. PITTSBURGH.
Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.
oct18:d

FRESH SALMON, in 1 and 2 lb. cans: fresh Lobster, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Asparagus, in 2 lb. cans; Green Corn, Lima Beans, Condensed Milk, Strawberries, Whortleberries, Blackberries, Sardines, Olive Oil, Worcestershire Sauce, Essence Sarsaparilla, Anchovies, &c., for sale at lowest rates, at
FRANCE'S TEA MART,
15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Terms cash. Goods delivered free. aug3

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Also, 125 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
sept7:f79

JAPANNING,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY
WILLIAM LLOYD,
No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new.
sept7:g40

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER, with Cog Wheels and the patent "Stop Gear," (PATENT JUNE 25TH, 1867,) and one of the *American Agriculturist* says: "It is, in reality, a clothes saver, a time saver and a strength saver. We think the machine more than pays for itself every year, in the saving of garments." Call and get a pamphlet of prices, &c., concerning it. For sale at 21 and 23 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Sole Agents for this county.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Warm Air Registers and Ventilators,
Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at
BISSELL & CO.'S,
No. 3235 LIBERTY ST.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,
At Duquesne Wagon Works, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

A. STETTLER SONS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,
And SHEET IRON WORK, of all kinds.
Locust St., Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh.
oct8:

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 9, 1867.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for grading, paving and curbing Lumber street, from Penn street to Mulberry alley, Ninth ward, will be received AT THIS OFFICE until MONDAY, OCTOBER 14TH, 1867.
By order of
H. MOORE,
City Engineer.

JACOB WEAVER JR. & CO.,
General Patent Agency,
No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.
sept18:g37

JOHN ROTH.....J. F. ROTH.
JOHN ROTH & SON,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RUMS,
WHISKIES &c. &c.,
807 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE SMITHFIELD STREET.
Respectfully to inform their friends and the public in general that they have opened their wholesale store, at the above place, and are now ready to fill all orders in their line, to the satisfaction of all who will favor them.
The long and well established reputation of JOHN ROTH will be a sufficient guarantee for the superior qualities and purity of their goods, and it will be their aim to uphold the same.
For medicinal purposes, particular attention is directed to their large stock of
OLD GERMAN WINE,
And superior qualities of
FRENCH COGNACS.
Orders left at No. 26 DIAMOND, will also be promptly attended to.
JOHN ROTH & SON.
oc22:g51

TO IRON FOUNDERS.
OFFICE BOARD WATER COMMISSIONERS, CITY OF ST. LOUIS, October 15, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for Cast Iron Water Pipe," and directed to the Board of Water Commissioners, City of St. Louis, will be received at the office of the Board of Water Commissioners, southeast corner of Fourth and Elm streets, city of St. Louis, until TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON, OF MONDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1867, for furnishing—
1,600 tons of 36-inch water pipe, class A.
200 tons of 36-inch water pipe class B.
80 tons of special castings.
The delivery of the pipe and castings to commence on the first day of April, 1868, and the entire contract to be completed, and all pipe and castings to be delivered, on or before the first day of August, 1868.
Specifications, with form of proposal and contract, can be obtained on application at the Engineer's office as above.
The amount of security required will be $50,000. The securities must be resident freeholders of the county of St. Louis.
The Board reserves to itself the right to reject all bids, should they consider it for the interest of the city to do so.
By order of the Board.
GEO. K. BUDD,
PRESIDENT.
oct21

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,
CHOICE COFFEE,
AND
PURE SPICES,
GO TO
ROBINSON'S,
No. 20 Fifth Street.

TOBIES! TOBIES! TOBIES!
50,000
NO. 1 TOBIES,
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
Also, 500,000
Lancaster Half Spanish Cigars,
Just received, which we offer to the trade cheap for cash.
☞Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
No. 6 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
oct18:g28

CARTER'S
NEW
SHOE HOUSE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE
AT
No. 47 Fifth Street,
(Opposite the Old Theatre.)
Where he is prepared to sell BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS at retail prices than can be purchased at any other house in this city. Give me a call and be convinced.
DANIEL CARTER.

SWORD'S SELF-TEMPERING
STEAM POWER
BRICK MACHINE,
MANUFACTURED BY THE
PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE
AND
BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.
This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking necessary for "pug" mill machines,) and tempers it thoroughly, pressing in steel moulds, and turns it out enough to be packed up right high in the yard as made. For outline of machine, and bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true brick, they are unsurpassed. The cost of making them by this machine is from 25 cents to $1.50 per 1,000, according to the sizes of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel; and in the best style for strength and to run steady day in and day out. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,
359 LIBERTY ST., 2d Story,
Near the Union R. R. Depot,
sept21:f54 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.
RICHARD BREED & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
No. 100 Wood Street.
BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA CARD BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH EXPRESS WARE of all varieties to sell wholesale and retail trade.
The largest and most complete stock of every thing in this line in the city.
Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

THE AMERICAN HALL
AND FOUNTAIN GARDENS,
Corner Carson and Bryan Streets, East Birmingham.
F. BOSWORTH & CO., Prop'rs.
This beautiful and pleasant resort having recently changed hands, the present proprietors are prepared to entertain their friends with the choicest WINES, ALES, BEERS, LIQUORS, CIGARS, EATABLES, &c.
A grand Free Balcony Serenade every Saturday evening. Birmingham Cars pass the door every ten minutes.

JUST RECEIVED, AT
ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,
A full supply of Cooking, Heating and Parlor Stoves, Fenders, Fire Irons and stands; Fancy Iron and square Coal Vases and Hods, and Housefurnishing goods in general. Also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for cooking meats, vegetables, puddings, &c., in one vessel. Also, agent for Spear's Patent Anti-dust and Gas Burner Parlor Stoves, for anthracite and other coal.
Messrs. R. & S. give special attention to the manufacture of Grocers' Canisters.
oct18:f68

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY,
JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.....ROBERT LIDDELL.
SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS
OF
Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oct14

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND
Half Spanish Segars,
Just received on consignment, will be sold as low as
Eight Dollars Per Thousand.
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of SMITHFIELD & WATER Sts.
sept2:

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRENCH MERINOS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
No. 87 Market Street.
FRENCH MERINOS, for $1.00.
FRENCH POPLIN PLAIDS.
PLAIN VALLEUR POPLINS.
BLACK LUSTRES, wide.
PLAIN BLACK SILKS.
FANCY SILKS.
Remember the place,
No. 87 MARKET STREET.
oc22:

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,
No. 19 Fifth Street,
A Splendid Stock of Fresh Goods,
AT LO

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

PRINTS, MUSLINS, CHECKS, TICKINGS,
GINGHAMS, CRASH, TABLE LINENS,
CASSIMERES, SATINETS,
BROWN JEANS, BLUE JEANS,
CANTON FLANNELS,
PLAIN FLANNELS,
HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,
ROB-ROY FLANNELS,
OPERA FLANNELS,
SACKING FLANNELS,
WATER-PROOF CLOTH,
DELAINES, ALPACCAS,
FRENCH MERINOS,
POPLIN PLAIDS AND STRIPES,
LADIES' AND MISSES' SHAWLS,
FANCY KNIT SHAWLS,
SONTAG'S, HOODS,
LADIES' UNDER-CLOTHING,
CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING,
SALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,
BROWN AND GREY BLANKETS,
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
QUILTS, COVERLETS,
MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
BATTING, WOOLEN YARN,
HATS, RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,
IRISH LINENS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, SUSPENDERS,
HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &c.

Sold by the yard, piece or package, in quantities to suit customers.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 140 and 142 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.

oct21

AUTUMN TRADE, 1867.

M'ELROY,

DICKSON

& COMPANY,

No. 54 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH,

Now Offer Their

FALL STOCK

DOMESTIC AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS,

AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The assortment will be kept complete during the Season, and

Cash and Short Time Buyers

Are invited to examine the Stock.

S. R. McELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SHANE.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & COMPANY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.,

OFFER AT EASTERN PRICES

Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, F. & M. Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics,

A FULL LINE OF

Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels,

Of Eastern and home manufacture.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR

FULLERTON'S

FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,

CRAIG'S

Greenville Barred Flannels,

AND

COUNTRY BLANKETS,

Sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices.

A Full Line in all Departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices, at

115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT..... W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

oct21

THE NEW BOULEVARD SKIRT,

FOR LADIES AND MISSES.

In Plain Braided and Embroidered.

Also, Real Tartan Cashmere Hose,

in all colors and sizes; best assortment we ever had. Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' & Misses' Underwear,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS;

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Traveling and Fine Shirts,

COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS,

SOCKS, &c.,

TOGETHER WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Of every description.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, ETC.

MERCHANTS FROM CITY AND COUNTRY are especially invited to come and examine our goods. We feel confident we can suit all, and will sell

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.

oct3

H. G. RUWES..... S. LONG.

EUWER & LONG,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Invite attention to their new stock of FALL GOODS.

WATERPROOF CLOTH,
BASHLIK FLANNELS,
SHAWLS, BLANKETS,
MERINOS, ALPACCAS.

Also, a full stock of NOTIONS. Prices low, at

No. 61 ORIO ST., ALLEGHENY,

Four doors East of the Diamond.

oct3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price SIX CENTS. A Lecture on the Natural Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Losses, Impotency, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the great book, &c. "—Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."—Bull. under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 Bowery, New York; Post Office Box 4,586. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

and oct3-eod&F

CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je20:m0

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER..... JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. B. ROWLAND..... W. H. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 132 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy28:z19

F. B. HUTCHINSON..... E. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 98 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 124 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Opposite the old stand.

my8:r97

ROBERT M'COWAN..... JNO. SNYDER.

McCOWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order.

Orders promptly solicited and personally executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap18:z26

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS, &c.

WM. J. DICK,

Carpenter and Builder,

NO. 36 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

Opposite High street. PITTSBURGH, PA.

Residence, 58 Grant street.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au29:z87

A. TORNEY..... A. YOREST.
J. M. YOREST..... G. P. YOREST, Foreman.

YOREST BROTHERS,

House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 149 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 15 PEARL ST., Bloomfield.

JNO. FRANCIES..... SAM'L FRANCIES.

J. & S. FRANCIES,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Measuring, Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 266 and 268 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.

17:n44

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter,

Office, corner of BARKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy7:b75

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to

FURGESON & BECH,

au19: 17 Smithfield street.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. S. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTNER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTNER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and G. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. au27:68

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.

The Purest in Tone, the most Powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. aug

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Dr. N. W. BATES.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Office and Stables in rear of Emmel Hotel and adjoining the Livery and Sale Stables of Wilson Brothers,

DIAMOND, Allegheny, Pa.

Residence—32 Palo Alto St., Second Ward.

Horses skillfully treated for all curable diseases, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Refers by permission to John White, Jr., Hop Merchant, 59 Sand street, Pittsburgh; James H. Lindsay & Co., Coal Yards, Outer Depot, Allegheny; Dr. Jos. Hewitt, Federal street, Allegheny; Wilson Brothers, Livery and Sale Stables, Diamond, Allegheny; C. M. Seely, Grant House, Federal street, Allegheny; Schnia & Danner, Merchants, 19 Federal street, Allegheny; R. S. Gray, Merchant, 52 Diamond, Allegheny; Wm. Mahler, Watchmaker, 149 Federal street, Allegheny.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stabling from 140 to 142 Third st. to 37 CHANNEL STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and skillfully treated, at a moderate charge. Horses of any infectious diseases not admitted, but every attention paid to them at the owner's stable. DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL BALL, as used by all the principal Veterinary Colleges in Europe, will cure all Sores, Wind or Saddle Galls, Sore Shoulders, Spraius or Cuts, and will not injure the hair. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, St. Charles Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel.

oct7:n58

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL FOR HORSES, on the corner of Liberty street, and East Lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Penn'a avenue, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and inspecting horses; and, with the assistance of Miss A. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residences, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: Dr. Palmer, Jos. Smith, Wm. M. Bissell, John Kirker, M. D., D. M. Evans. oct4:n79

LITHOGRAPHERS.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schaupman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 78 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

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No. 90 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.

oct3:n59

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

63 LAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my7:n52

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON.

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.

jes:tu&thsu

PROFESSOR CARPENTER'S DANCING ACADEMY,

PHILO HALL, 76 THIRD STREET, now open for the reception of pupils. Days of Tuition—Ladies' and Gents' Class, Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 7 o'clock. Ladies', Misses and Masters'—Wednesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from October 1st. Soiree every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. oct3:n58

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

No. 98 Fourth Street,

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DUNN'S ARITHMETIC, BURTT'S GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION, &c., &c. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its branches. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. v24

THE PRIZE APPLE PARER.

The Lightning Apple Parer, proved by two years' use, and hundreds of testimonials, to be the best Apple Parer now in use. I have been appointed Manufacturer's Agent, where dealers can be supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

JAMES BOWN,

136 Wood street.

BREECH-LOADING DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS.

—I have just received a fine assortment of the above Guns, of my own importation, direct from one of the best makers in Europe, which I am selling at much lower rates than they can be purchased from the jobbing houses in New York or Philadelphia.

JAMES BOWN,

se4:w&s:TF 136 Wood street.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CHICAGO.

The City Touched up in Plain Colors by by One who has been There.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

CHICAGO, October 20.—The City of mushroom growth and importance thrupetted and spoiled child of the prairie; the pampered and praised on all sides. Progressive and reaching; jealous and egotistical; outside its limits no excellence, no merit, no taste, no energy. The head-centre of goaheaditiveness; the axis of the national fly-wheel of progression; the haven of wild speculators; the fraud of frauds—is great Chicago. In truth, a huge bubble blown to the last degree of tension, and floating in an atmosphere of gas. Its surface is bright and brilliant, charming the world on its rounded sides; but the tiny bit of "soap" productive of so much bubble may drop out one of these fine days and leave nothing but a grease spot on the bald prairie.

ON WHAT IT RESTS.

The basis of great and immaculate Chicago is as flat as the ground on which is built the city. The capital of thirty wealthy corporators has been directed towards it in one endless stream, and costly piles have sprung up on her available streets to beautify, adorn and magnify the town at the expense of non-residents. Nay, nothing is beautiful in the massive stone fronts of Clark and other pretentious thoroughfares, so long as we can see peering out of every crevice of the finely-cut blocks the stamp, seal and signature of a mortgage held by citizens of New York or New England. Tear out the mortgages, and the piles tumble and Chicago totters; withdraw foreign capital and the great western city will dwindle down to a second class village, hardly worthy the attention of the proprietor of a side show to a respectable circus. Nobody knows this better than the Chicagoians, and yet they bluster themselves into every body's imagination as the inhabitants of a city greater even than the oriental Jeddo.

WEATHERY HAVE.

Chicago has many things we must admire. She has splendid Opera Houses, elegant business places, complete drawbridges, tunneled river, lake and streets, broad thoroughfares, and a host of other attractions. Her massive Court House looks as clean and tidy from without as a hotel waiter's linen service blouse, but in the interior is as disgustingly filthy as a nine months campaigner's socks. About this structure more or less than half the finest men, as honest cut-throats as ever threw a western toothpick, nightly congregate with their shiny vehicles to entice strangers into the pleasures of a ride about town. A plug hat, genteel coat, doeskin breeches, gold chain and patent boots worn by any thing animated man from the country—which means outside of Chicago—is sure to attract the attention of these modest gentry of the whip, and if the victim to their kindness escapes riding, it is not that he is unsufficiently dogged and bored. If his life happens to be insured heavily, the wife and little ones at home of the aforesaid stranger may not regret his riding with a Chicago cabman; but, if not, he has many dollar on his existence he had better closely hug the hotel and give the Jehus a wide berth.

Chicago has fine hotels. First class parlors at $4.50 per diem for tolerable boarding, clean beds in small, crowded rooms, and civil attentive waiters. You cannot turn but you are met by a dusky disciple of the whisk broom and brushed so effectually as to destroy the grain of your broadcloth and cassimeres. The whisk rattle—electricity out of your bones and suddenly stops after you are charged for the charges. The broom which has accomplished so much in so little time, is held out on a dead level, and in admiration of genius and impudence you shove thereon a ragged scrip, wondering at the same time when that indefatigable darkey will conclude that he can no longer brush a dime out of your pocket. Bleeged are the poor and needy for they shall not be brushed up and down at every turn, neither shall they inherit the other woes of a first class Chicago hotel.

Chicago has fine streets. Their glories in her drives. The Nicolson pavement, with high curbs, is here displayed to good advantage, but while the streets are all very nice for horses and vehicles, the sidewalks are not very pleasant for pedestrians. Let a stranger try them after nightfall and be convinced. In the absence of hills accommodating citizens get up elevations and declivities on the foot paths in the city. Up and down we go at the risk of our precious necks.

Chicago has many mean frame houses, but the citizens are rapidly disposing of them according to the most approved fashion. A whole block is burned down at a time. The newspapers thank the Lord for the delivery, while the Insurance Companies have the devil—or their Chicago agents—to pay. Twenty firesa day is considered a good sign by the posted citizens, but let it be understood that incendiarism is a crime unknown.

The scarcity of taverns is observable in Chicago. To get a square drink you must skip every alternate house. Why every house is not a gin mill we can't imagine, but they approach the mark closely. The citizens have already grown tired of the foreign waters brought from the middle of the lake, and go it on muddy Monongahela. The Irish are blamed with the consumption of a greater part of the whiskey, but like the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, they are convenient folks at whose doors to lay a multitude of shortcomings. With all the city's faults, the citizens seem to love her *still*, muchly.

A MUSEUM.

Chicago has a Museum in imitation of Barnum's. It is a great affair, so far as humbug is concerned. We spent thirty cents to see the sights, and now regret that we did not squander our loose change on the heathens of the South Sea Islands. The museum is a farce. It contains life size "wacks works," illustrative of the Last Supper, in which all of our eleven likenes of the holy character of our Savior and His Apostles, were sadly shaken. The artist must have modeled the figures after the inmates of a jail in Germany, for a more ungodly looking lot of unwashed Jews we never saw together. It is a disgrace to the intelligence and christianity of Chicago to permit such an exhibition to be given. If the rising generation form an impression of Christ from the several figures representing him in this museum, it will be found a difficult matter thereafter to instil into their minds any correct idea of His Divinity. The Apostles, with the exception of the original Andrew Johnson, Judas Iscariot, the Devil, and a knowledge of phrenology to discover their characters. Tradition is nowhere before the Chicago illustration of the Savior of mankind, and if that picture is a fair representation of the habit of her fraternity, we marvel no longer at her wickedness. "The figures," the bills say, "move to imitate life." We could'nt see a muscle stir. If they could move we have no doubt they would fall to picking each others pockets, else they sadly deceive their looks. It may be a piece of information to biblical scholars to know that in addition to unleavened bread and wine, there was on the table at that memorable supper, according to Chicago theology, a very dirty cloth, fried eggs for three, *ham* for a dozen, and a moderate supply of boarding house tea buns and wheat rolls.

Opposite this display we have one even more grotesque, representing the trial of Christ. Inasmuch as the Savior represented in this group differs exceedingly from the one at the Lord's Supper, we were forced to believe that he had greatly changed in a short time. The exhibition of wax works is as great a humbug and as deep an insult to intelligence and Christianity as could well be imagined.

After witnessing the sacred displays we were prepared to see Abraham Lincoln in wax. Booth could not have desired to do up the martyr President in any worse style. Indeed, all the effigies held in commemoration of Lincoln are tame, especially the ragged suit said to have been worn by him some nine years ago. The collection of paintings is very fine, but no name is affixed to them or catalogue furnished, so that the visitor is left to imagine them either as the works of a Raphael or the daubs of an uptown whitewashing artist. The display of minerals, coins and war curiosities is very good, but ordinary. So much for the Museum, in which Chicago centres a great deal of pride. It is worth visiting just to see what is put forth to humbug intelligent people.

HOW BUSINESS IS TRANSACTED.

Every body walks hurriedly in Chicago as though a thousand dollars purse was attached to the man who reached the depot or dock. The other morning we were jostled off the pave by a spruce young man, and with Pittsburgh proclivities called for an apology. "Oh," says he, "a thousand pardons, but I'm in such haste. I've just sold ten thousand bushels of peanuts to Jones, of Rock Island, and expect a peck at the depot by noon. It is near that time now. Good morning, Sir," and off he went. Great expectations! Ten thousand bushels of peanuts sold on the strength of a peck at the depot! But *that* was a Chicago merchant, and he knew how to do business in Chicago. Verily, they would sell a million barrels of flour on the strength of having a bushel of wheat in their granery; or worse, they would dispose of all the fish in Lake Michigan on the strength of owning a four foot net. The outside world imagines Chicago a great commercial point and so to some extent it is. But business is not conducted here as in any other city in christendom.

In conclusion, let me urge that the town is not without many good traits. It is a tip top place wherein to live, and for very poor one wherein to prepare for death. The people are fast, ahead of the times; they make great show out of little material. So don't lose your love for Pittsburgh from any glowing accounts of Chicago, for verily, there is more unincumbered wealth in a single acre of the old sort-stained city than in miles of business streets here. CUDJO.

Runaway.—A horse attached to a light buck wagon took fright yesterday afternoon at a locomotive, on Liberty street, and ran away, throwing the driver out and demolishing the vehicle. The driver was uninjured.

General Conference of the Evangelical Association.

TENTH DAY OF THE SESSION.

The General Prayer Meeting was more than usually interesting. Bishop Esher in the chair. The proceedings of Saturday were read and adopted.

The Committee on Boundaries reported, recommending some slight changes, besides the formation of a new Conference, to be called "The Minnesota Conference." The report was adopted. This new Conference territory formerly belonged to the Iowa Conference, and now constitutes the Third Conference District, west of the Mississippi river.

The Orphan Institute, which for several years has been in successful operation in the Ohio Conference, and has been their property, shall be taken under the supervision of the General Conference and be a central institution for the entire church.

A general agent shall be appointed to travel throughout the church and collect funds for said institute. Dr. Wm. Nast, of the M. E. Church, delivered a farewell address to the Conference, in the operation of which he seemed deeply to sympathize, especially, with our English work. He urged a union of our church with their's. He admired the talent, vigor and self-dedial of our ministry, and, further, he rejoices over the success of our work.

Bishop Esher replied in the name of the Conference, heartily expressing our good wishes to the Doctor and the work entrusted to his care.

Forenoon session closed with prayer by J. M. Young.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Opened with prayer by D. Strohman.

Some changes were made in the manner of electing the Board of Publication in order to make the Book Concern more effective.

A committee appointed on the excessive use of tobacco, reported unfavorably to its every day use as it exists, it being a filthy and unbecoming practice, against which we, as ministers, should use our influence. The report called forth quite a lively debate, but was finally adopted.

The Conference proceeded to ballot for the place of holding the next quadrennial session, and Naperville, Ill., was chosen.

Afternoon session was closed by A. Ettinger.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. tel:tsat

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundersand Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:n62

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Bit Bottoms, Speller Boilers. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals. The Highest Price paid for Old Copper, Old Brass, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse and Office, No. 57 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. au28:d&w1y

THE HEALING POOL.

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the VICES, FOLLIES, Habits of Dissipation which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, will be sent on receipt of one stamp for relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. se21

SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 258 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

THE FORT PITT LUMBER CO.

Capital, : : : : : $125,000.

President—EDW. DITHRIDGE.

Secretary—T. A. WRIGHT.

Superintendent—JAS. GILLESPIE.

The FORT PITT LUMBER CO. having purchased TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND TWENTY-ONE ACRES of unsold Timber lands in Forest County, Pa., and erected thereon a large Steam Saw Mill, are now prepared to supply every variety of FIRST CLASS PINE LUMBER, from their yard,

NINTH WARD, corner of Lumber and Allegheny Sts.

Communications by mail should be addressed to

T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO'S.

TRIUMPH

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any Stove in the

BISSELL & CO.,

235 LIBERTY STREET,

Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVE HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED BY

CONNOISSEURS

TO BE THE

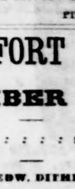
"ONLY GOOD SAUCE"

and applicable to

EVERY VARIETY

OF

DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at MADRAS to his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851:

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled compliment having caused many unprincipled dealers to apply the name to SPURIOUS COMPOUNDS, the PUBLIC is RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED to see that the name of LEA & PERRINS are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE.

Manufactured by LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK, AGENTS FOR THE U. S.

oct3:lsTuF

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER.

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 175 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.

oct3:n60

T. BRENT SWEARINGEN..... WM. G. M'CANDLESS.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,

No. 114 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of

Continental Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies, at lowest rates. je26:n73:TTS

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, } PITTSBURGH, Oct. 8, 1867.

NOTICE TO HACKMEN.—A stand for Carriages, Hacks, and other vehicles waiting for passengers or baggage in the vicinity of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Depot has been located by the Street Committee on the east side of Grant street, south of Liberty street, and any violation of this order will subject parties offending to the penalty of the Ordinance.

H. J. MOORE,
Clerk of Committee.

AUCTION SALES.

SUBURBAN

Residence and Handsome Grounds,

ON TERRACE AVENUE, OAKLAND.

AT AUCTION,

On Thursday October 24,

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

On the premises, will be sold the elegibly situated and very desirable residence and grounds of D. Hostetter, Esq., on Terrace avenue, Oakland, immediately in rear of properties of the Messrs. Fox and John Moorhead, Esqs., and adjoining W. H. Smith, Esq.

The grounds comprise about two acres, fronting 332 feet on the avenue, extending back 322 feet, having a highly elevated surface, under neat ornamental cultivation. 200 choice fruit trees of different varieties—small fruits, grapes and shrubbery in profusion, and neatly arranged walks.

The improvements consist of a well arranged and commodious Gothic Frame Dwelling, having 14 rooms, with fully brick back building, bath room, water closet; wash house and oven in closed out building; kitchen; excellent stable, carriage house, ice, coal and wood house, and other out buildings complete; 3 cisterns, and well of water.

This property commands an extended view up and down the Monongahela river, and over a beautiful country in point of convenience and comfort is unequaled, and a more desirable opening for investment in parties wishing to locate in an excellent neighborhood is rarely presented.

Title indisputable. Terms easy. Further particulars by calling on

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,
Auctioneers.

oct19

VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY HOME AT HAZLEWOOD STATION, CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, AT AUCTION, ON FRIDAY, October 25th, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, at Hazlewood Station, will be sold the desirable residence and grounds of the late Col. WILLIAM PIPER. This property combines about 14 acres of ground, having a southern exposure, and soil of the very best quality, handsome shade trees, and an over abundance of apple, pear, cherry, and other fruit trees, with grapes, shrubbery, etc., and well of excellent water.

The residence is a two-storied double brick mansion, with back building, containing in all seven rooms, in good condition, outbuildings complete.

This is one of the choicest locations in the county, in a thriving neighborhood, healthy, and commanding an extended view over a rich and beautiful country and of the Monongahela river, within twenty minutes drive from the city, and only five minutes walk from the station.

Title indisputable. Terms—$2,000 cash, balance in ten years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

Parties desiring to attend the sale can take the 11 o'clock A. M. train and return at 2 P. M.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auc'rs,
oct19 23 & 27 Fifth street.

HOUSE AND GROUNDS AT HUMEWOOD STATION, ON PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 29th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, Dr. M. Dupuy's handsome and very airingly situated suburban residence at Homewood, on Pen sylvania Central Railroad, immediately opposite the station, and alongside the Homewood Avenue, leading from Pleasant Grove to Shadyside. The grounds contain about three acres of highly lying surface, under best cultivation, with fine bearing orchard of choicest fruits, a quarter acre of flourishing vineyard, a great variety of small fruits and shrubbery, and a good supply of water. The improvements are excellent and well arranged, two-story Brick Mansion, nearly new, containing eleven rooms and a dry, well-finished cellar. The mansion is handsomely seated on a light elevation, and shaded by a beautiful cluster of native forest trees. Also, a substantially built stable, with second story for store room, or sleeping apartment.

The situation cannot be surpassed by any, for convenience of family, and makes a most appreciate in value. If desired, one-half the grounds, with the buildings, will be sold, shrubbery, fencing, &c., with access to Homewood avenue, and the well reserved.

Those desiring, are invited to view the premises.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

oct19

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS, ON THE SECOND RANK, FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY CITY, AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY, October 24th, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., on the premises, will be sold the desirable private residence and grounds of WALTER BRYAN, Esq. The lot is 50 feet front on North Canal street, between Chestnut street and Madison avenue, extending back 173 feet to Sandusky street, under neat ornamental cultivation, choice fruit trees, shrubbery, &c.

The residence is an elegant and substantially built brick building, having been erected by Mr. Irwin, expressly for its own use, containing fifteen rooms, with all the modern conveniences, such as gas, bath, with hot and cold water, furnace and two ranges; commodious parlors and hall, marble mantels, &c. Also, a large brick stable, couple carriage house, ice house, and other outbuildings complete.

This property is easily of access, as the Troy Hill and Spring Garden cars pass within one square of the door.

To parties desiring a pleasant, convenient and comfortable home, here is presented a rare opportunity, and on very easy terms, say one-third cash, balance in four equal annual payments, secured by bond and mortgage.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auc'rs,
oct7 93 & 97 Fifth street.

VALUABLE VACANT LOT, ON SECOND STREET, AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, October 28th, at 3 o'clock p.m., on the premises, will be sold, the very valuable vacant lot of ground, fronting 20 feet on Second street, (near Market), and extending back 80 feet, at present occupied as a lumber yard. This property is situated in a very desirable business locality, and will be sold in the whole, or subdivided in to lots to suit purchasers.

Terms—One-third cash, balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auctioneers,
oct5 93 and 97 Fifth street.

BRICK DWELLING, No. 15 SECOND STREET, AT AUCTION'S SALE, TUESDAY EVENING, October 22d, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Room, 106 Smithfield street, by order of W. Robb, Executor, Mrs. Ann Jane Mcguire, deceased, the valuable three story Brick Dwelling, No. 15 Second street, containing nine rooms and good dry cellar; the house is in excellent repair and well finished, in good condition, high ceilings, &c. The lot is 20 feet front, more or less, on upper side of second street, and extends back 90 feet in depth to a wide court alley, subject to an annual ground rent of $36.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash, bala ce in one year with interest.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

oct19

LARGE DWELLING HOUSE AND 40 BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY, October 24th, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, on the Fifth avenue road, E. Williams, adjoining western boundary of the Union Cemetery. This house is a frame of Eastern rooms, with tastefully arranged wardrobes, easily accessible by good roads, convenient to town, and affording many of the advantages of country location.

Also, 40 adjacent Building Lots, 24 feet front by 100 to 150 feet in depth.

Plans at the Auction House, 106 Federal street, Allegheny.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

oct19

BANK, BRIDGE AND OTHER STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, October 22d, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 106 Smithfield street:

5 shares German National Bank
10 shares National Bank of Commerce.
5 shares Second National Bank.
25 shares Allegheny Suspension Bridge Co.
10 shares Boatmen's Fire

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS,

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

This Court assembled yesterday at ten a. m. Present—Judges Strong, Thompson, Read and Agnew. Absent—Ch. J. Woodward.

Harvey Henderson and Wm. R. Bole, of Crawford county, on motion of David Derrickson, Esq., C. R. Marsh, of Crawford county, on motion of G. Church, Esq., and Charles Fetterman, of Pittsburgh, on motion of Jas. A. Lowrie, Esq., were duly qualified and admitted to practice in this court.

The following cases were non-pressed: Crawford Co. Mut. Ins. Co. vs. Cullum et al.

Guthrie vs. McCracken: Clarion.

Emery vs. Belknap; Jefferson.

Clark et al, vs. Campbell; Jefferson.

Loomis et al. vs. Baker; Erie.

Childs vs. Matson; Jefferson.

Wilson vs. Wegefarth; Venango.

Rand et al. vs. Frisbee; Erie.

The following were continued:

Horam's appeal; Jefferson.

Maul vs. Rider; Jefferson.

Erie City vs. Canal Co.; Erie.

Gurney et al. vs. A. & G. W. Railway Co. et al. In equity.

The following cases were argued:

Silver's Appeal. Jefferson. Argued by Barclay for appellant and by R. C. Winslow contra.

Venango National Bank vs. Taylor, Venango. Argued by Derrickson for plaintiff in error. No reply.

Siegal et al vs. Robinson, Erie. Argued by J. Ross Thompson and James C. Marshall for plaintiff in error. No reply.

Yates vs. Meadville Borough, Crawford. Argued by Pearson Church for plaintiff in error, and by Harvy Henderson contra.

Snider vs. Knierhown, Crawford. Non pros.

Hart et al vs. Girard Borough, Erie. Argued by Walker for plaintiff in error, and by Woodruff contra.

United States District Court.

The October term of the United States District Court, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, commenced yesterday, Judge McCandless on the bench.

The names of the Grand and Traverse Jurors were called, but as a quorum of the former did not answer, the charge of the Court was not delivered.

The list of cases were called over, after which Court adjourned until this morning.

There are forty-seven cases on the trial docket, of which twenty-two are criminal, nine bankruptcy issues, twelve proceedings in rem, and four proceedings for forfeiture, or *ad personem*. Besides these cases there will be a number of indictments found during the sitting of the Grand Jury.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

MONDAY, October 21.—No cases taken up. Following is the trial list for this day:

11. James Rees vs. James Morrow.
12. D. Fawcett & Co. vs. J.K. Lanahan.
19. Kennedy & Wilson vs. Bigley.
18. John Griffin vs. John McClaren.
20. A. D. Miller vs. Jas. Simpson.
25. Kennedy & Bro. vs. German Gross Co.
27. John Thompson vs. Wm. Murdock, et. al.
29. Cyrus Miller vs. Fuller & Eastman.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

This Court met at the usual hour Monday morning. The following cases were disposed of:

EXTORTION BY AN ALDERMAN.

Edward Lynch, Alderman and ex-officio Justice of the Peace in the Third ward, was arraigned upon an indictment charging him with extorting money under color of his office. Mrs. Catherine Carter, of South Pittsburgh, was the prosecutrix. It appeared that in June last she called on the Alderman to complain against certain parties for false imprisonment; that she gave him ten dollars, for which he said he would "put them through;" that nothing was done until in August, after some four weeks had elapsed, when an officer was said to have been employed by the Alderman, drew up an affidavit with a view, as it seemed, of going on with the case; but at this point the old lady, Mrs. Carter, became angry, thinking she was being imposed upon, and made complaint against the Alderman for extortion. The jury were asked to say whether, under the evidence, they believed the defendant received the money, as a magistrate, and led the prosecutrix to believe that he would, in his own language, as alleged, "put the parties through." If he did, the Court said it was an improper act, in violation of the law, and he should be convicted. The jury found a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

CROSS ASSAULT AND BATTERIES.

Commonwealth vs. John Stemler and Patrick Duffy and Commonwealth vs. Jas. Lang. Cross indictments for assault and battery. The difficulty transpired in South Pittsburgh, and the cases were of a trifling character. Stemler and Duffy are constables, and it appeared Lang was taken into custody for alleged improper conduct at a saloon. The jury found the officers guilty and acquitted Lang.

LARCENY.

Herman Goldstein was placed on trial on a charge of larceny, preferred by L. Schnitzer. On trial at adjournment.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

MONDAY, Oct. 21.—The case of George Lysle et. al. vs. W. H. Brown, taken up on Friday last, was resumed, and went to the jury. No verdict at adjournment. Following is the trial list for this day:

25. (Feb.) Chambers vs. Robinson.
72. (April.) National Refining and Storing Co. vs. Haldeman.
12. (May.) Baldwin vs. Henderson.
25. (May.) Duquesne Coal Co. vs. Pumphrey & Kidd.
28. (May.) Lamb vs. Ballou.
38. (May.) Benkendorf vs. Musgrave.
40. (May.) Wilson vs. Poor et. al.
42. (May.) Gillespie vs. Lloyd.
47. (May.) Obinger and wife vs. Bauer.
54. (May.) Coleman vs. McGowin's executors.

Appointed Counsel.

Judge Stowe, of the Criminal Court, yesterday appointed Wm. T. Haines, Esq., (until recently a resident of Chester county,) counsel for Blazius Rendel, under indictment for murder, in having fatally stabbed Louis Hetzel, in Allegheny, on the 8th of August last. The case will be taken up on Monday next, the accused had represented that he was unable to employ an advocate. Mr. Haines is a lawyer of considerable experience, and during the short time he has been practising at the Pittsburgh bar has given evidence, to say the least, of considerable order of talent. He is a forcible speaker, and never fails in making a favorable impression on court and jury in the trial of causes. His selection in the case alluded to is but a just recognition by the Court of his qualifications.

Hearing of the conviction of Alderman Lynch of extortion, the question came up, in conversation between attornies in court, whether part of the sentence in his case would not be to deprive him of his office. The law was referred to, and a decision given that the Alderman retained his commission notwithstanding his conviction, and that in case of being sentenced to imprisonment, he could, if he would see fit, open an office in the county jail, the law requiring that Aldermen should open offices in the wards for which they were elected and in which they resided. Alderman Lynch resides in the Third ward, and the county jail is within its boundaries.

Some of our Aldermen, had they been in Court yesterday, during the trial of Alderman Lynch for extortion, might have profited thereby. They might, too, have felt elevated in their own estimation at the remark of Judge Stowe, that they were supposed to be learned in the law; but their feelings would have been the reverse, when His Honor added, that unfortunately their legal knowledge, in some instances, was entirely too limited, greatly to the detriment of the more ignorant portion of the community.

Lawyers, as well as other people, sometimes say things they should not, and we heard with pleasure the mild but severe rebuke of one of the profession, in the Criminal Court, yesterday, for making an improper remark concerning a witness. The rebuke was the more deserved as it was a repetition of the indiscretion.

Cherry Mooney, committed to jail by Justice Mitchell, of Lawrenceville, on the 14th instant, for false pretense, was discharged yesterday by Judge Stowe, on the ground that the commitment did not show that any information had been made against him.

Amusements.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Second night of the engagement of Mr. S. F. Chanfrau and C. T. Parsloe, Jr. To-night the original comedy of "Sam" in five acts.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—A great bill for to-night. The lady athlete, Miss Swift, the empress of vocalists, Miss Forrest, Chiriski, the great wire performer, and a host of other talented performers.

ST. BRIDGET'S FAIR.—The opening of the Fair in the Church building, Seventh ward, was very auspicious last night. The attractions are great. The Fair will continue all week.

DAN RICE, with his great circus, is coming on his farewell visit.

THE MISSES MCCAFFREY, of Philadelphia, announce a grand concert at the Academy of Music, next week.

Inquest.—An inquest was held last night on the body of John Lanahan, whose death is elsewhere recorded, by Alderman Guyan M. Irwin. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, fully exonerating the employees of the Panhandle road from all blame.

The Pittsburgh Soldiers' Home.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—The communication signed "L," which appeared in your issue of the 19th inst., says "a late soldier's" remarks upon the Soldiers' Home, were calculated to create a prejudice against the Home." Mr. "L." entertains a false idea of my sentiments. I consider the Soldiers' Home in this country one of the noblest institutions that ever sprang out of the hearts of the people. But the purpose for which some of them have been established seems not to be carried out, since a great majority of our crippled soldiers are wandering about without shelter, or without that comfort which their exceptional position claims so imperiously. The explanations given by Mr. L. will not satisfy the public, notwithstanding all the rules established, if the man, who has a right to be cared for in a public institution, is kept away under a trifling pretext. I admit with Mr. L. that drunkenness ought not to be tolerated. But how can it be otherwise? You have under your charge a number of men still full of life; unfortunate in having been deprived of their limbs, they have not the power to occupy their leisure in useful works; their education has been neglected, and they have therefore no taste for reading; wearying of their monotonous life, one of the results of idleness follows: they seek variety in the brutal amusement of depraved souls. Whose fault is it? It is a subject worthy of consideration, and the Superintendent and the *whole* Board should give it their most serious attention. To expel a man from the Home because he has been occasionally drunk, is not the true remedy to put a stop to that licentious habit. On the contrary, left to himself, abandoned without hope, and being incapable of earning an honorable subsistence, the maimed soldier falls to a condition lower than the brute, becomes a vagrant, and finds lodging in the jail.

I need not dwell longer upon the consequences of such misfortune. Everybody should be aware that the Soldiers' Home is not a relief for a crippled man, unless he be perfect and without reproach. But where is that *paradise*? Who will not fail occasionally in some particulars? In this state of things, I may ask, of what use is that institution, and what will become of it?

A LATE SOLDIER.

A Broomstick Battle.

Yesterday Alderman Strain, of the Tenth ward, had before him the female members of a large family of the Seventh ward, who had indulged in an old fashioned broom stick battle. They, in common with the prosecutors in the case, used a bake oven, and the great privilege of baking first on Friday last was made a matter of contest. While the oven was being heated, the quarrel waxed warm, and resulted in a final appeal to broomsticks and dishcloths. A battle royal on a miniature scale, and the party coming out second best preferred the charge as stated. The parties were held for a further hearing. Friday is an unlucky day to bake, especially if you own but half the oven.

The Cost of Folly.

A man named McSwiggen was foolish enough to get drunk yesterday, and to make threats against the life of Jenkin Jones. The latter having due desire to prevent the execution of the threats, repaired to the office of Justice Heisel, in East Birmingham, and had a warrant issued for McSwiggin's arrest. The latter stormed and scolded on being brought before the Justice, to such an extent as to have imposed on himself a fine of ten dollars for his folly. He was likewise held to appear at Court to enter into bonds to keep the peace. McSwiggen is not an Italian, as the name seems to indicate.

A Gallant Husband.

Perhaps some wives occasionally deserve a scolding, but they never should be abused. Mrs. Nancy Hamilton, yesterday, appeared before Alderman McMasters and asked that her husband be held to keep the peace towards her. It appears, from her allegation, that he has been in the habit of abusing her, and that to escape her punishment, she quit his bed and board and took up her residence with her parents, in Lawrenceville. He was not entirely satisfied with the dissolution, however, and threatened her dire bodily injury. Hence the information, and warrant for his arrest.

The Post modestly describes the artillery salutes fired on Saturday night, on the occasion of the Democratic procession, as follows:

"The Third ward Committee, under the leadership of Thomas A. Pender, secured a good sized mortar, had it placed near the "Battery," and welcomed the various delegations."

"The Allegheny Democratic Club also had a small field piece in the Diamond, in the charge of an experienced squad, whose names we could not learn."

All bosh! a pack of modern Jackson crackers would have been productive of much more "military noise and confusion" and enthusiasm than the toy mortar and miniature gun.

Good for the Glaziers.—Bridget McMorris is evidently working for the interest of the glaziers of this neighborhood. In the best drunken humor imaginable, yesterday, she completely demolished the large show window of John McQuillon's grocery, on Shingiss street, in the Eighth ward. She was arrested by the Mayor's police, and sent up to the Hill for ten days for her festive sport. Before she was taken from the house, however, she left her regards in numerous scratches and blows on the face of a fellow prisoner named Kate Pierce.

A Mutual Pummelling.—Frank Penfield and John McDonald both work at Hussey & Wells' mill, in the Fifth ward. Yesterday they had a slight misunderstanding which led to warm words and blows. Each administered to the other a severe drubbing, after which both repaired in due haste to the office of Alderman Taylor and preferred cross suits, charging each other with assault and battery. Both parties were held for further hearing. Under the circumstances an honorable compromise should be effected.

Neighborly Quarrel.—Henry Hart and William Kennedy are neighbors in the Eighth ward. Their houses adjoin each other, and a common hydrant supplies the filthy water of the Allegheny to each. Over the anything but crystal fluid the neighbors quarreled yesterday, and blows were struck. Hart, to have redress, appeared before Alderman Strain and preferred a charge of assault and battery against Kennedy, who was arrested and held to answer the charge at Court. So much for one common hydrant to supply two households.

Assulted a Boy.—There came from Baldwin township, yesterday, before Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham, Mrs. Catharine Mularkin, who, on her oath, charged John Agnew, Sr. and his son John with having assaulted her son. She alleges that without any just provocation they struck the youth various blows about the head and back with a piece of pine board, and moreover threatened to shoot him. A warrant was issued.

Disorderly House.—Mattie Connolly lives on Webster street, and Sarah Smithson is her neighbor. The latter doubted sufficiently the character of the former's house as to lead her to swear before Mayor McCarthy yesterday that it is a disorderly one, and a source of annoyance to the neighborhood. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Mattie Connolly.

We Have received Harper's Monthly, Godey's Lady's Book and Our Young Folks all of them fresh and ready for the November campaign. Standards like these need no word of recomendation from us, as every one buys them. W. A. Gildenfenny, No. 43 Fifth street, has them for sale.

There are now in session in this city no less than five different Courts, as follows: Supreme Court, United States Court, District Court, Court of Common Pleas and Court of Quarter Sessions.

Quite a crowd assembled to see the "novel wager" paid yesterday at the corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets. The gymnastic performance did not come off.

NEW

PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

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F. MUSSMAN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest cash prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice.

GEO. O. CLARK.....J. H. WATKINS.....D. F. PAT

IRON CITY BELT WORKS.

GEO. O. CLARK & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of Patent Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned

Leather Belting,

No. 109 LIBERTY St., (2d floor above Union Depot, Pittsburgh.

WHEAT.—10,000 BUSHELS

CHOICE NO. 1 SPRING WHEAT,

Arriving and for sale by

DANIEL WALLACE,

oct17:d5 202 Liberty stree

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds,

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets,

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 *BONDS OF* 1867,

interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, {
MONDAY, October 21, 1867. {

Gold remains firm to-day at about 144, though there is a disposition to advance the rate, yet the high quotations for United States bonds in Frankfort and London, and the large amounts of exchange offering at low rates, keep down the premium. Speculators are afraid at present to take hold at high rates, since the Government will disburse about twenty-six millions of interest on and after November 1st. Government bonds remain dull and weak; quotations remain almost unchanged. The market is kept up by a few speculators who are also dealers in them at retail. So long as call loans on Governments commanded but 4 per cent. premium, it was easy to carry bonds, but at present the carrying rates exceed the interest earned on the bonds, and so dealing is confined to actual investment demand.

The stock market is very feverish and fluctuations are rapid; there is evidently a desire by large holders of stocks at high prices to unload, and nothing but the purchases of the clique keep up quotations. The mining shares are lower and dull, more for want of funds to operate than any unfavorable reports from the mining regions.

Closing New York quotations received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 144; 1881s, 111¾; 5-20s, 1862, 111⅝; 1864, 108¾; 1865, 108¾; Consols, 89⅝; 10-40s, 100¾; 7-30, 105¾.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. 88
Merchants Union Express 22½
Western Union Telegraph 71¾
Erie R. R. 71¾
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R. 93¾
North western common 66¾
Northwestern—preferred 67
New York Central 112¾
Ohio and Mississippi certificates 30½
Michigan Southern 89½
Corydon 70
Quartz Hill 1 00
Quicksilver 20¾

—The financial feature claiming most attention at present is the large aggregate of foreign capital which is seeking temporary employment in this country, at New York particularly. To the rumors of the probability of French intervention in favor of the Papal government, and the fall of securities at the London stock exchange, is mainly ascribed the advance in gold here. It is also considered highly probable that the disturbed state of monetary confidence in England will probably tend to increase the amount of capital seeking employment on this side.

—The New York *Post* announces that currency is returning from the west, but says that all of it will soon be required by the South. The *Post* says "the more moderate financial men deduce the conclusion that while there cannot be any severe monetary stringency developed for the present, except by some Treasury disturbance of the currency, which is not at all likely to occur, still the prospect of such monetary ease and plethora as would at a very early day put the rate of interest below six to seven per cent. is rather delusive than trustworthy."

—The Treasury is reported to be selling gold, but the supply for delivery is small, and as much as ½ has been paid for borrowing in New York.

—The discussion now going on, regarding the liability of the Government and the dealers in United States securities, in the matter of the "irregular" Seven Thirties, recalls to mind the questions that have often been raised between correspondent bank, and individualists, regarding the responsibility for forged endorsements. We believe that it is now well settled, that in case of a payment of a check with forged or irregular endorsement, recourse may also be had to the last endorser, though not without the knowledge of the latter. Some have taken the ground that claims of this character are of about the same nature as any common demand for money due, and that only the generalities of ordinary apply to them. One of our Boston banks, not long since, had a claim of this character, of ten years standing, presented by attorney, but no notice was taken of it. The brokers "interested" in the rejected Seven Thirties have taken the position that their liability ended when the Treasury passed their notes, and they are united in their determination to fight out on that line. Several suits have been entered, and bankers are somewhat connected with this break in the conventionary movement, and they await the progress of events and decisions with anxiety. The New York Assistant Treasury is receiving June and July Seven Thirties in even exchange for 6 per cents. Interest upon the Five Twenties is charged from July 1 to date of exchange, at 6 per cent. in currency, and the accrued interest is allowed upon the Seven Thirties.—*Boston Bulletin.*

—There was pressing demand for money today, and most of the banks reported a close market, with a falling off in the supply of currency and loanable funds. The remittances of the country to the upper country continue somewhat liberal, but to other sections the shipments are light. Most of the banks are daily receiving small consignments of Havanas on, but the return flow has not yet been of a sufficient size to have any influence on the market. The rates quoted for sterling at sight per are large, and money commands 1¼@2½ per month. No currency is being received from the east, though some remittances are expected from St. Louis to-morrow.—*Chicago Tribune.*

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, {
TUESDAY, October 21, 1867. {

CATTLE.

Notwithstanding the supply of cattle was not as large as that of last week, the market was an exceedingly hard one, the demand being restricted almost wholly to supplying the retail trade—so far as we could learn, there was not a single eastern buyer in attendance. The quality of the cattle generally was fair, and was very common, but even good butcher's cattle moved very slowly, even at a reduction. They were some few stock buyers in attendance, but they did not buy very freely—indeed, they wanted this class of stock for almost nothing We continue to quote prime fat cattle at 7@7¼c; good at 6½@6¾c; and stockers at from 3 to 4½@5c, according to quality and condition. The following is a pretty full report of the sales:

E. Katz sold 13 head of fresh cows at $45 to $70 per head, and 25 head of commonish mixed cattle at 2¼ to 3c per lb.

Greenwald & Kahn retailed 39 head of good to prime fat Ohio stock at 6 to 7¼—16 head left over; sold 15 head for N. Morris at 5 to 6—and 24 for same man unsold.

L. Shamberg sold 16 head for Hall at 4½ to 6¼; and sold 25 left over belonging to Patterson. Stakely sold 15 head at 3½ to 5. Rothchilds & Byers, at 5¼ to 6. L. Rothschilds, 5 at 5½ to 6c.

Myers & Needy sold 59 head of Washington county (Penna.) cattle at 4 to 7. Kraus & Haas, 40 head of Ohio cattle at 5 to 7—two head of extra steers to Peter Eckert, weighing 1100 lbs. at 7¼. Seymour retailed 18 head of fairish cattle at an average of 6c.

John Kerwin retailed 20 head for Talbot at 4½ to 6; and 43 head of prime Western steers for Dolan, at 6¾ to 7¼. Marks & Trautman, 89 head of Penna. and Ohio cattle at 4½ to 7¼. N. Carr sold 40 head of Chicago cattle for Dolan, at 4 to 6½.

Hazlewood & Co. sold 39 head of Chicago cattle at 6 to 7¼; one car load on commission sale. Jas. McAllister sold 41 head of prime Kentucky cows and heifers at 6 to 8.

M. Verner sold 18 head of Washington Co. cattle at 6¼ to 7. Peter Hartman sold 12 head from same place at 6¾ to 7—13 head left over unsold.

W. G. Thrasher sold 16 head, averaging 1009 at 5,68; 2 head fresh cows and calves at $133 for the two, and a bull at 6½.

Lafferty & Glass had in all about 200 head, of which they sold 50 at 3½ to 7.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market for both Sheep and Lambs was exceedingly dull to-day, and with a supply largely in excess of the demand, prices ruled lower, especially for the commoner grades, and there were quite a large number left over unsold. The retail demand is steadily diminishing, and, as the winter approaches, the demand for fresh pork improves, while that for Mutton falls off, which is generally the case at this season of the year. We quote the following sales:

Wm. Humes sold 39 head of Beaver county Sheep and Lambs, at an average of $2 per head. Martin Humes had 74 head, of which he sold 50 at from $3 to $5¾ per head.

Sheen & Ingersoll sold a small drove of Mercer Co. Sheep at $1.10 per head.

Forker & Vogle sold 45 head of Mercer Co. Lambs at $2 per 100 lbs.

W. M. Fowler had 135 head of Ohio Sheep, of which he reports having sold 140 head at $2 per head for Lambs, and $2 to $4 per head for Sheep.

J. Walters sold 60 head out of 110 of Mercer Co. Sheep at $2 to $3.50. Eckert sold 60 head to Deitrich at 4¾ per cwt.

Adam Eckert reports having sold 76 head of Sheep at 4½ to 5¾ per head, and 40 Lambs at 5½ to 6¾.

Wm. Young wholesaled 120 head of very common Mercer Co. Sheep, to Young, (butcher) at $1.62 per head.

Lynn sold 60 head to Deitrich at 3½ per head. Wm. Moore sold 27 head of Sheep at 3½ per pound.

HOGS.

The market for Hogs was also a little dull to-day, which is in consequence of the continued warm weather, and, compared with last week, prices are a shade lower. The difference, however, is very slight, and we give 8¾ to 9c as the extremes of the market, for inferior to fair heavy averages.

Emerick & Co. report having retailed about 180 at 8¾ to 8, and Rothchilds & Byers sold a small lot at 7 to 7¾.

D. Kennedy 24 head to Stakely & Bro. at 7; M. V. Stacey sold 13 head to Emerick & Co. at 8; John Young reports 26 Butler Co. Hogs at 8¾ to 8¾.

Seymour sold 81 head, averaging about 200, to Emerick & Co. at 7¾; W. Moore sold 42 head to same buyers, at 8,90.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Rock Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe19

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, {
MONDAY, October 21, 1867. {

The general markets present no new characteristics worthy of special notice. There is only a moderate demand for most of the leading commodities, while prices, generally, have undergone no quotable change.

GRAIN—Wheat is in limited supply and in good demand; prime Penna. and Ohio Red may be quoted at $2.55@2.60. Corn is quiet and unchanged; sales at $1.25@1.28. Oats steady with a fair demand, and regular sales at 68@66c on track, and 70c in store. Rye quoted at $1.45 @1.50. Barley is nominal, at $1.80 for Spring, on track.

FLOUR—The Flour market is dull and weak and a shade lower. We now quote at $10.50@11 for Spring Wheat; $12.25@12.75 for Winter Wheat; and $13.50@14.50 fancy brands. Rye Flour quoted at $8.50 to $9.

PROVISIONS — Bacon is quiet and unchanged at 14¼@14½c for Shoulders; 17@18c for Sides and clear Sides; 22c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 23@24c for Canvassed do. Lard may be quoted at 14¼. Mess Pork is dull and lower; small sales at $24.

POTATOES—Sale of 300 bushles Peach Blows, on track, at $1.15 per bushel. Sweets may be quoted dull at $4.50@5 per bbl.

APPLES—The market is pretty well glutted, and prices are barely maintained; regular sales in store, at $3.50@3.50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Under the influence of increased arrivals, the market is dull and drooping. We now quote prime Roll at 35c.

EGGS—In good demand, and with a light supply and limited arrivals, fresh packed have advanced to 27.

CRANBERRIES—Are selling all the way from $10@14 per bbl, as to quality.

BEANS—Sales of choice new small White at $3.75@4 per bush.

HONEY—Sales of Hamburg at 15@16c, and Goshen at 17@18c.

HAY—Is quiet and unchanged; regular sales from country wagons at $18@20 per ton, according to quality.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged—regular sales by manufacturers at 95c for No. 2, and $1.15 for No. 1.

ONIONS—Are being sold at from $4@5 per bbl, in store, as to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, {
MONDAY, October 21, 1867. {

CRUDE—The market continues rather dull, and while the sales were about up to the usual standard, prices are barely maintained. We can report 3000 bbls for November, seller's option, at 11½; 187, on spot, at 13c, bbls returned, and 1800 on spot, on private terms—supposed to be 13c. There is not much oil offering, but the demand, at present prices, both for immediate forward deliveries, is light, and, even at the reduction, buyers do not seem disposed to take hold very freely. Spot oil cannot be fairly quoted above 13c, though somebolders are asking 13½c, while first water and all 1867, seller's option, is offering pretty freely at 11½c. Telegrams from Oil City to-day report the market dull and nominal at $2.50 per bbl.

REFINED—There appeared to be a much better feeling in the market for bonded oil today, the unfavorable character of the foreign news to the contrary notwithstanding, and, as will be seen, the sales were unusually large, in the aggregate, and upon the whole, prices are pretty well sustained. We can report a "line" of 2000 bbls, 500 each running from November to March, at 33½c; also, 3000, 600 each, commencing with October and concluding with March, at 33½c; 1000 for October, at 34c; 1000 for November at 33c, and 1000 bbls, in two thousand barrel lots for November, at 35c. This last named operation, we believe, was made in New York.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

A. D. Miller, 96 bbls refined, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 117 do do to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 118 do do to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

Union Ref. Co., 153 do do to Tack, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart & Frew, 440 bbls refined to Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 200 do do to W P. Logan, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 150 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 100 do do to D. L. Miller, Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co, 150 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Cotton ½c better and more active; sales 3,000 bales at 29c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 36,894 bbls and 20 sacks; sales 14,000 bbls at $5.70@9.25 for superfine western; $9.50@12.25 for extra western; $10@12.50 for S. H. O.; $10.50@16.50 for St. Louis; closing more steady; California dull and heavy; sales 400 sacks at $11.25@13.50. Rye flour quiet; sales 200 bbls at $7@9.25. Whisky quiet and steady. Wheat 2@3c lower; sales of 130,000 bush. at 85c for No. 2 Chicago; $2.30@2.35 for spring; $2.35@2.38 for amber Milwaukee; $2.30 for spring golden drop, closing a shade firmer. In fact the market is 100,000 bu at $1.65@1.68 for western; $1.66@1.70 for State. Barley drooping; sales 10,000 bush at $1.80@1.90 for Canada West. Barley malt is dull and nominal. Corn; receipts 90,940 bush; market opened heavy and closed irregular and unsettled; sales of 197,000 bush, at $1.35@1.40 for western mixed in store and afloat, closing at the outside figure. Oats firmer; sales of 137,000 bush; market closing 1@2c lower; sales of 130,000 bush. at 85c for western; 87@88c for Canada in warehouse. Wheat, 258,141 bush; corn, 1,919,614 bush; oats, 1,087,370 bush; rye, 22,967 bush; barley, 168,150 bush; malt, 54,000 bush; peas, 7,268 bush. Rice dull. Coffee dull. Sugar active, but not very firm; sales of 700 hhds of Cuba at 12½@13c; 1,000 bags Rio at 13½c; 1,000 bags Havana on private terms. Molasses quiet. Hops quiet. Pork opened lower and closed heavy; sales of 5,500 barrels, at $24.37½@24.75 for mess, closing at $24.62½ and $20@20.50 for prime. Beef heavy; sales of 94 barrels at previous prices. Beef Hams dull; sales of 58 barrels of western at 20. Cut Meats dull; sales of 163 pkgs, at 11½@13c for shoulders, and 15½@17½c for hams. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard dull and heavy; sales of 740 barrels, at 13¾@14¾c; small lots at 14¾c. Butter active and firm, at 30@45c for state. Cheese in good demand and steady, at 10@13c. Freight a shade easier; engagements of 40,000 bush wheat, at 10¾d by sail, at 13c by steam.

LATEST.—Flour rather more steady with only a moderate inquiry. Wheat firmer with a fair demand; sales of 70,000 bush at $2.38@2.39 for No. 2 spring; $2.38@2.39 for No. 2 spring; $2.37@2.38 for No 1 spring. Rye firm at $1.48 for western. Corn quiet and steady; sales of 60,000 bush at $1.39@1.40 for good to prime mixed western. Pork steady; sales of 1,200 bbls. mess at $24.50@24.75; No 1 new, $21.00@21.50 in cash. Beef dull and unsettled. Cut meats quiet. Bacon quiet and firm. Lard dull at 14@14¼c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21.—Flour dull and holders made concessions of 25c per bbl, without leading to any demand of consequence; Extra $10.50@16.75; Family, $11.50@11.75. Wheat dull, but held firmly, at $2.60 @2.65 for No. 1 Red. Corn dull, at 90c; no demand. Oats in moderate demand, at 66@67c for No. 1. Rye steady, at $1.48. Barley dull and nominally unchanged; prime, $1.90@1.95; latter for choice Canadian, and Fall, $1.65@1.70. Cotton firmer; middling, 18½c; buyers don't offer over 18c. Tobacco steady and demand good. Whisky unchanged and quiet. Mess Pork dull and nominal, at $21.75@22.00. Bulk Meats dull; sales at 14c for Shoulders, and 17¼@18¾c for Clear Rib and Clear Sides. Lard dull and held firmly, at 13c. Hogs slight; good to prime are being bought by butchers at $8.00 @8.25 gross. Butter dull, at 35@40c for prime to choice. Cheese unchanged and steady, at 14¼@15c. Clover Seed dull, at $8.00. Timothy Seed, $3.40. Flax, $2.20@2.45. Linseed Oil, $1.14. Petroleum dull, at 32@33c. Gold, at 1.43½ buying.

St. Louis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, October 21.—Tobacco active; on low and common grades 25c per cwt higher; other qualities unchanged. Cotton dull and lower at 16¾c for middling. Flour; choice and fancy firm, and in fair demand; low grades unsettled and lower; double extra $10.25@11.50, choice and fancy $12.50@ 14.50. Wheat; choice and fancy commanded full price, and other grades are dull and lower; fancy red $2.75, prime and choice white $2.60@2.75, prime red $2.50@2.60, fall $2.55, Spring declined to $1.85@1.91 for prime and choice. Corn firm but inactive at $1.06 @1.07 for mixed on the levee, and $1.12@1.16 for white. Oats steady and unchanged; sales at 69@70c for No. 1 State from store. Rye quiet and unchanged at $1.40@1.45 for No. 1 State and western from store. Barley held at $1.85@1.40 for No. 1 State and Canada. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; standard white in bond held at 29@30c; prime light straw to white 48@49c; light straw at 47c.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, October 21.—Cotton; the demand is good and the supply is moderate, with sales of 1,500 bales low middling at 17@18c. The receipts for the last five days were 3,243 bales. Flour is very dull, with sales of superfine at $10.00, and treble extra at $11.25. Corn is in good demand and with an upward tendency, with sales of white at $1.40@1.45, and yellow and mixed at $1.36. Oats in demand. Oats dull, sales with sales at 75c. Pork is nominally held at $24@24.50. Bacon, there is a fair jobbing trade at 15½c for shoulders, 19½c for clear sides, and 20½c for sugar cured hams. Lard is dull, with sales of there at 14½c. Sterling exchange 9 York Exchange is ½ premium. Gold, 145¾.

Oswego Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, October 21.—Flour dull; sales 700 bbls at $10.50 for No. 1 spring; $9.00 for red winter; $13.75 for white; and $14.50 for double extra. Wheat quiet; no sales. Corn dull; sales 3,000 bus Indiana at 81,25c. Barley dull, market closing lower; sales Saturday night of 5,000 bus at $1.45; sales Sunday, 2,000 bus do, this morning at $1.40@. Peas held at $1.30 in bond. Lake imports—8,300 bus wheat, 17,500 bus corn, 35,800 bus barley, 19,300 bus rye, 11,900 bus peas. Canal Exports—908 bbls flour, 84,900 bus wheat, 9,000 bus corn, 43,300 bus barley, 27,000 bus rye.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, October 21.—Flour is dull and nominal; city double extra, $10; country do, $9.25; extra, $8.50@9. Wheat is irregular at $2.38 for No. 2, and $1.91 for No. 3. Oats has declined 1@2c, with sales of No. 2 at 36c. Corn is nominal. Freights are weak at 10c to Buffalo and 12c to Oswego and Kingston. Receipts—6,200 barrels flour; 161,000 bushels wheat; 1,000 bushels oats, and 1,000 bushels corn. Shipments—8,400 barrels flour; 16,000 bushels wheat; 9,000 bushels oats, and 300 bushels corn.

New York Dry Goods Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 21.—The demand for dry goods is slightly improved, still far from being active, but the market is not as languid and depressed with a downward tendency. In prices of heavy brown Sheetings, Prints and Calicoes, the following are the most important changes to-day: Allen's Prints, 19½c; Pacific do, 18½c; Oriental, 19c; Cocheco do, 19c; Merrimac, 19½c; Law